IGAR-1062+-3G/4G

IGAR-1662+-3G/4G

IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n Access Point Router

IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n Dual RF Access Point Router

User's Manual

Version 1.2

www.oring-networking.com

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Tables of Content

Getting to Know your Wireless AP Router

1.1 Overview

The ORing IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G wireless AP router is designed to operate in industrial environment. The AP router provides a fast and effective ways of communicating to the internet over wired or wireless LAN. In addition, multiple types of WAN connection are provided for easily access to the internet.

The ORing IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G wireless AP router is IEEE802.11 a/b/g/n wireless equipment. It is easy for you to extend the reach and number of computers connected to your wireless network.

With the 3G WAN connection, the ORing IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G wireless AP router can be mounted in harsh environment easily to provide internet access anytime and anywhere.

The ORing IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G wireless AP router's VPN capability creates encrypted "Virtual Tunnels" through the internet, allowing remote or traveling users for secured connection with the network in your office.

1.2 Software Features

- Intuitive Web-based management user interface for simply and easily operation.
- Functions of firewall provides many security features such as blocking attacks from hacker, especially IP Spoofing, Ping flood, Ping of Death, DOS, DRDOS, Stealth Scan, ICMP flooding etc.
- Advanced firewall configuration to extend the capability and security, such as Virtual Server, Port Trigger, DMZ host, UPnP auto Forwarding, IP Filter and MAC filter.

1.3 Hardware Features

- Two 10/100/1000 Base-T(X) Ethernet ports for WAN / LAN connection individually.
- Fully Compliant with IEEE802.3af (Power Device at ETH2, WAN port)
- Redundant Power Inputs: 12~48 VDC on terminal block

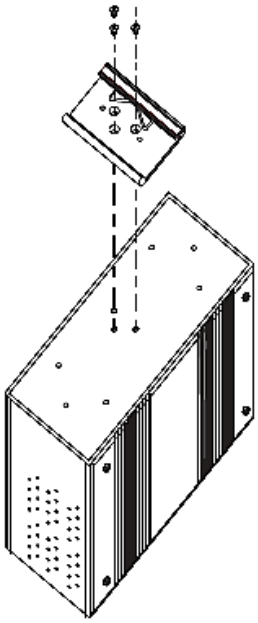
- Casing: IP-30
- Dimensions(W x D x H) : 74.3(W) x 109.2(D) x 153.6(H) mm
- Operating Temperature: -10 to 60°C
- Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C
- Operating Humidity: 5% to 95%, non-condensing

Hardware Installation

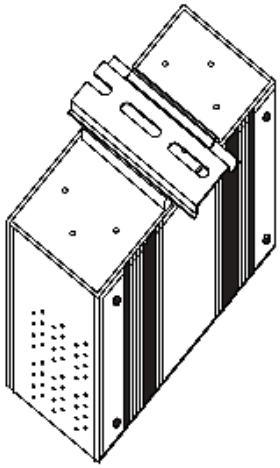
2.1 Installation Router on DIN-Rail

Each Wireless AP router has a DIN-Rail kit on rear panel. The DIN-Rail kit helps AP router to fix on the DIN-Rail.

Step 1: Slant the router and mount the metal spring to DIN-Rail.



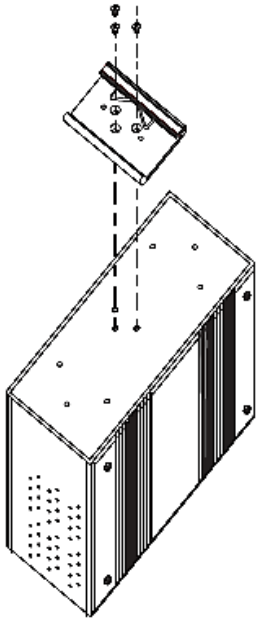
Step 2: Push the router toward the DIN-Rail until you heard a "click" sound.



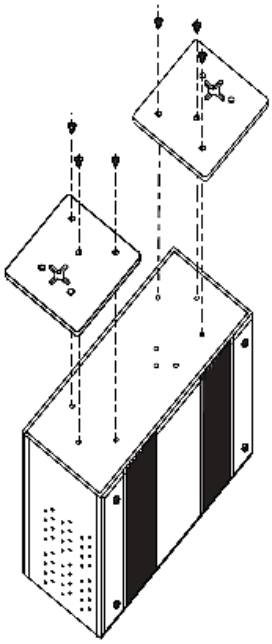
2.2 Wall Mounting Installation

Each AP router has another installation method to fix the AP router. A wall mount panel can be found in the package. The following steps show how to mount the AP router on the wall:

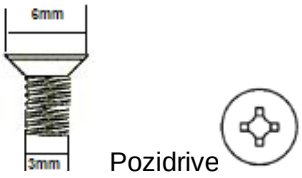
Step 1: Remove DIN-Rail kit.



Step 2: Use 6 screws that can be found in the package to combine the wall mount panel. Just like the picture shows below:



The screws specification shows in the following two pictures. In order to prevent the AP routers from any damage, the screws should not larger than the size that used in IGAR series.



Step 3: Mount the combined AR on the wall.

Hardware Overview

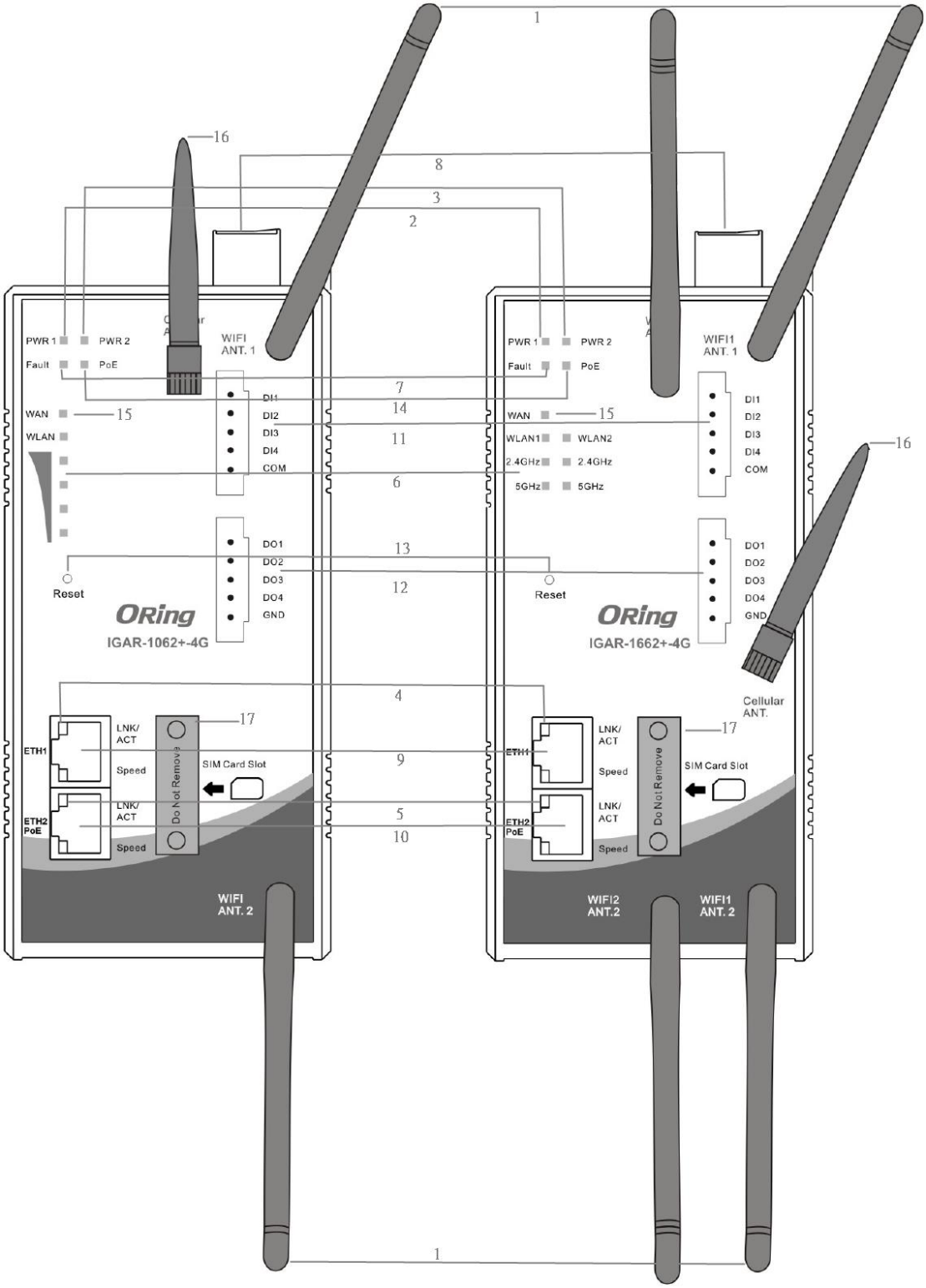
3.1 Front Panel

The following table describes the labels that stick on the IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G.

Port	Description
10/100/1000 Base-T(X) fast Ethernet ports	10/100/1000Base-T(X) RJ-45 fast Ethernet ports support auto-negotiation. Default Setting : Speed: auto Duplex: auto
PoE PD Port	ETH2 (WAN port) of IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G compliant with IEEE802.3af PoE specifications and can be connected to PoE switches.*
ANT.	Reversed SMA connector for external antenna. (normal SMA connector for LTE antenna)

***Note:** Please refer to the products of **ORing IPS series** for P.O.E. Ethernet switch.

IGAR-1062+ IGAR-1662+



1. 2.4/5GHz antenna with typical 2 dBi antenna for 5GHz and 2.4GHz.
2. LED for PWR1 and system status. When the PWR1 links, the green LED will be light on.
3. LED for PWR2 and system status. When the PWR2 links, the green LED will be light on.
4. LED for Ethernet port1 status.
5. LED for Ethernet port2 status.
6. LED for WLAN link status & frequency using (only for IGAR-1662+).
7. LED for Fault Relay. When the fault occurs, the red LED will be light on.
8. Power Input port
9. Ethernet port1 connector
10. Ethernet port2 connector
11. Digital input
12. Digital output
13. Reset button
14. LED for P.O.E Status
15. LED for Wan status
16. Modem antenna
17. SIM card slot

3.2 Front Panel LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description
PWR1	Green	Green On	DC power 1 activated.
PWR2	Green	Green On	DC power 2 activated.
ETH1	Green/Amber	On	Port link up at 10Mbps /1000Mbps.
	Green	On	Port link up at 100Mbps.
		Blinking	Data transmitted.
ETH2	Green/Amber	On	Port link up at 10Mbps/1000Mbps.
	Green	On	Port link up at 100Mbps.
		Blinking	Data transmitted.
WLAN	Green	On	WLAN activated.
		Blinking	WLAN Data transmitted.
2.4GHz	Green	On	In using(IGAR-1662+ Only)
5GHz	Green	On	In using(IGAR-1662+ Only)
WAN	Green	On	Modem Ready
Fault	Red	On	Fault relay. Power failure or Port down/fail.

Cables and Antenna

4.1 Ethernet Cables

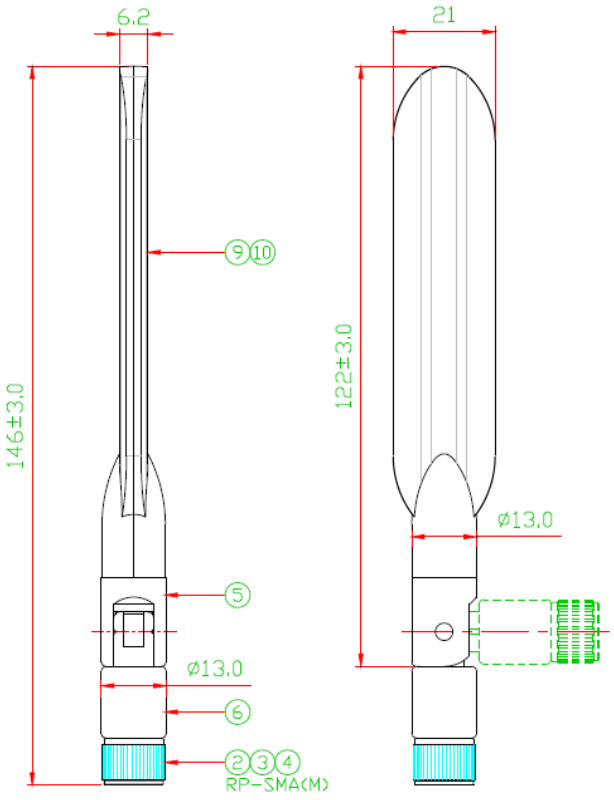
The IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G WLAN AP has two 10/100/1000 Base-T(X) Ethernet ports. According to the link type, the AP use CAT 3, 4, 5,5e,6 UTP cables to connect to any other network device (PCs, servers, switches, routers, or hubs). Please refer to the following table for cable specifications.

Cable Types and Specifications

Cable	Type	Max. Length	Connector
10Base-T	Cat. 3, 4, 5 100-ohm	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ45
100Base-T(X)	Cat. 5 100-ohm UTP	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ45
1000Base-T(X)	Cat 5e,6	UTP 100 m (328 ft)	RJ45

4.2 Wireless Antenna

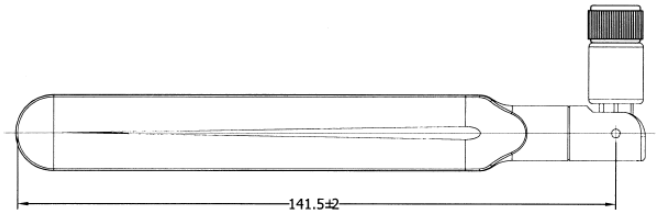
2.4GHz/5GHz antenna is used for IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G and connected with a reversed SMA connector. External RF cable and antenna also can be applied with this connector.



4.3 Cellular Antenna

3G(850/900/1800/2100MHz) and 4G LTE(worldwide) antenna is used for built-in modem. External RF cable and antenna also can be applied with this connector.

3G Cellular Antenna

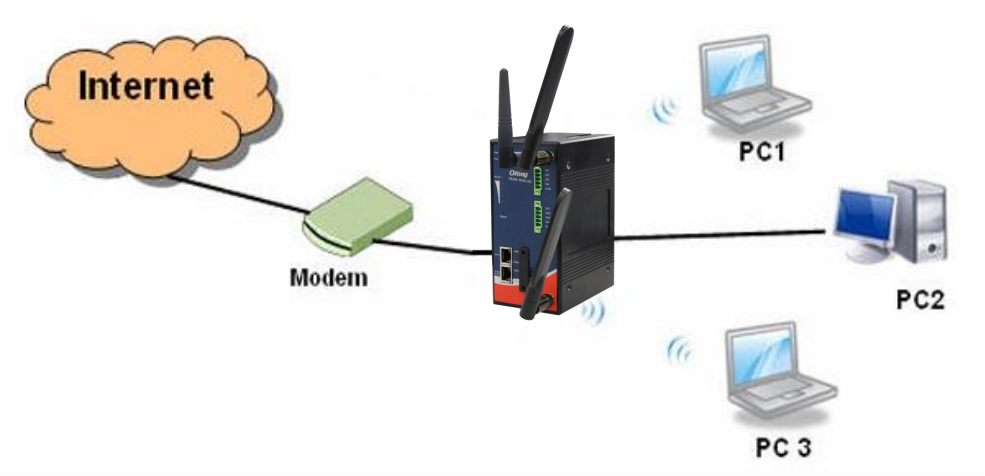


4G LTE Antenna

Management Interface

5.1 First-time Installation

Before installing IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G WLAN AP router, you need to access the WLAN AP router by a computer equipped with an Ethernet card or wireless LAN interface. Using an Ethernet card to connect to LAN port is easier and recommended.



Basic connection for IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G

Step 1: Select the Power Source

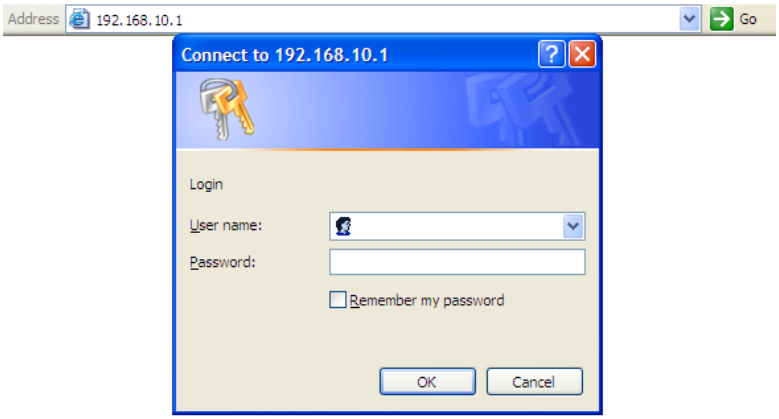
IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G AP router can be powered by +12~48V DC power input, or by P.O.E. (Power over Ethernet) PSE Ethernet switch.

Step 2: Connect a computer to IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G

Use either a straight-through Ethernet cable or cross-over cable to connect to ETH1 of IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G AP router to a computer. If the LED of the LAN port lights up, it indicates the connection is established. After that, the computer will initiate a DHCP request to get an IP address from the AP router.

Step 3: Use the web-based manager to configure IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G

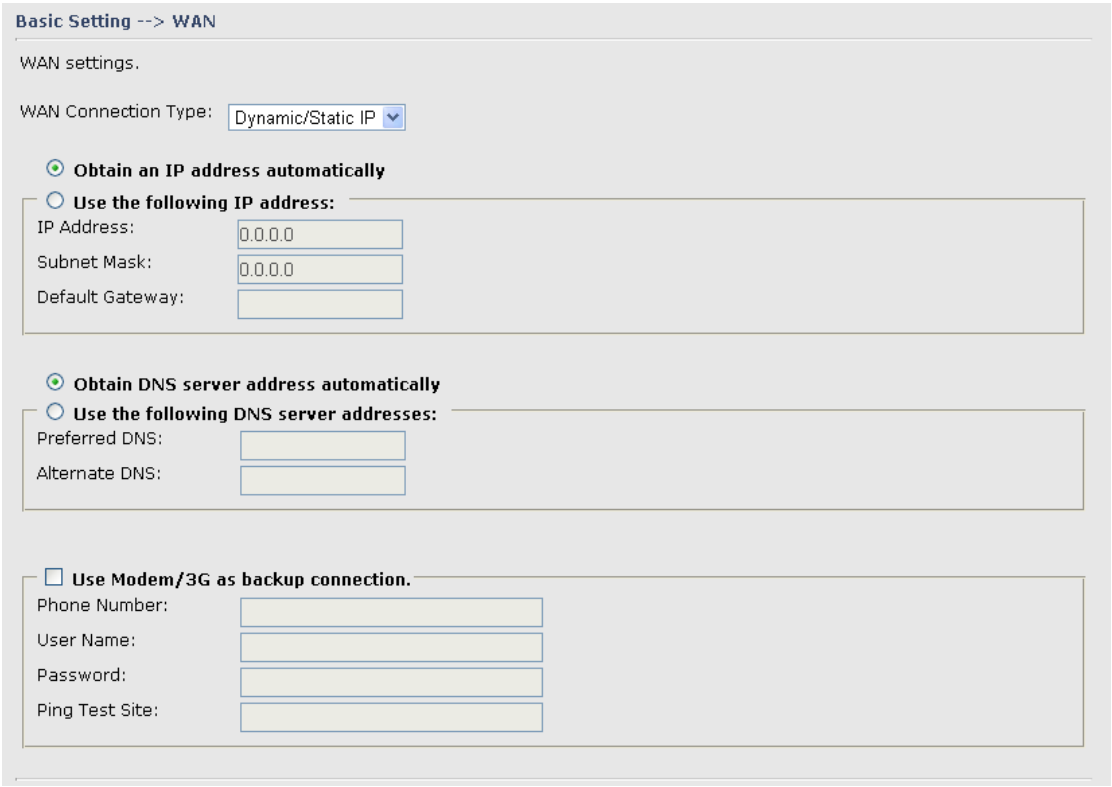
The default gateway IP of IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G AP router is 192.168.10.1. Start the web browser of your computer and type http://192.168.10.1 in the address box to access the webpage. A login window will popup, and then enter the default login name **admin** and password **admin.**



Login screen

Step 4: Select WAN connection type

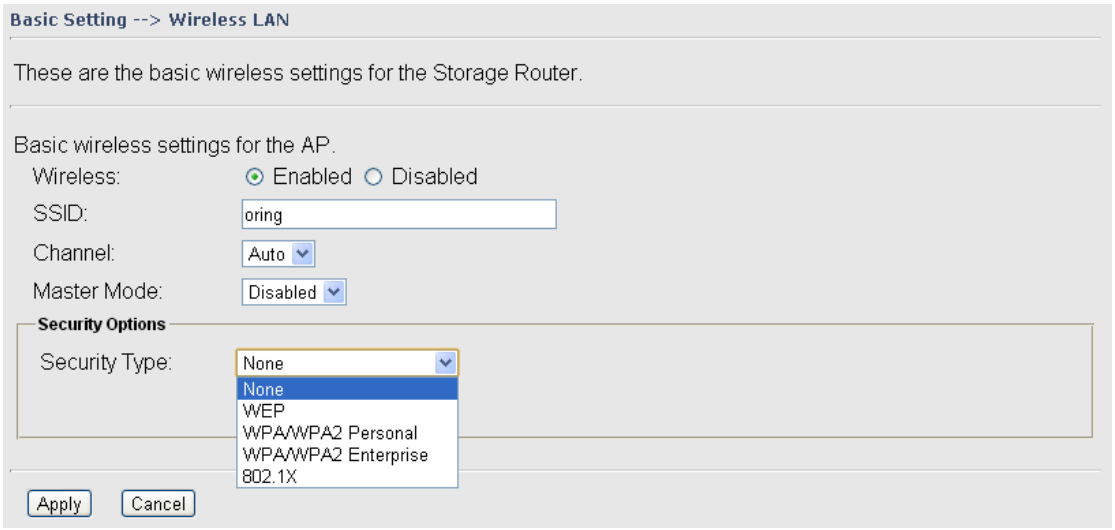
Click the **Basic Setting** in the top menu to enter the **WAN** configuration page, select the proper connection type according to the information of your ISP. If you use **modem/3G** as WAN connection



WAN connection type

Step 5: Protect the wireless access in encryption mode

Click the **Wireless** in **Basic Setting** menu, default encryption mode is **None**, choose WEP/WPA to enhance the security of wireless connection.



Wireless security option

Step 6: Review the router settings and check router status

Click the **System Status** in the top of the menu, the system info page will be shown. You can check all the configuration and status of the router.

System Status --> System Info

System Info.

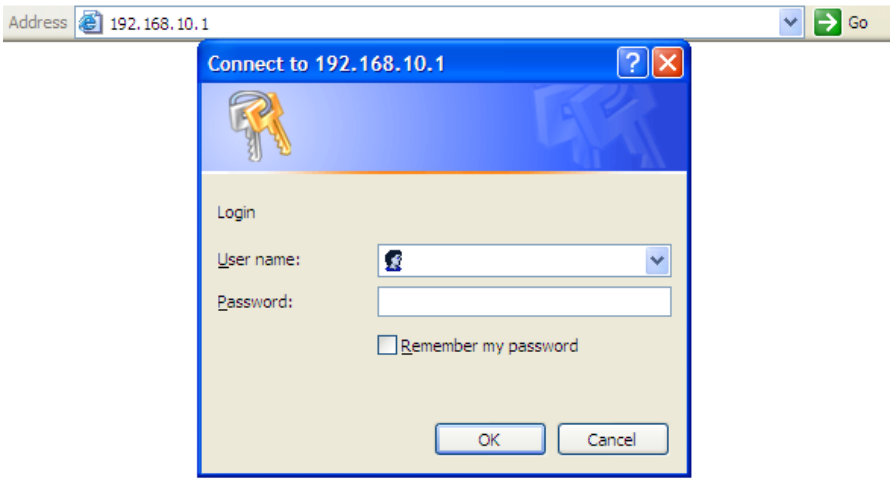
Model:	IGAR-1062+-3G	
Model Description:	Industrial IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n 3G Cellular 1000Base-T(X) with PoE VPN Router	
WAN:	Mode	Dynamic Setting
	IP Address	192.168.2.173
	Broadcast Address	192.168.2.255
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Default Gateway	192.168.2.1
	DNS(Primary)	192.168.2.6
	DNS(Secondary)	168.95.192.1
	MTU	1500
	MAC Address	00:1E:94:77:66:44
LAN:	IP Address	192.168.10.1
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	MTU	1500
	MAC Address	00:1E:94:99:55:67
	DHCP Server	Enabled
Wireless:	Wireless	Enabled
	SSID	oring
	Channel	Auto
	Encryption Mode	None

System status Screen

5.2 Configure the Wireless Router

In this section, the web management page will be explained in detail.

By default setting, you can type http://192.168.10.1 in the address box of web browser to login the web management interface. A login window will be prompted, enter username **admin** & password **admin** to login.

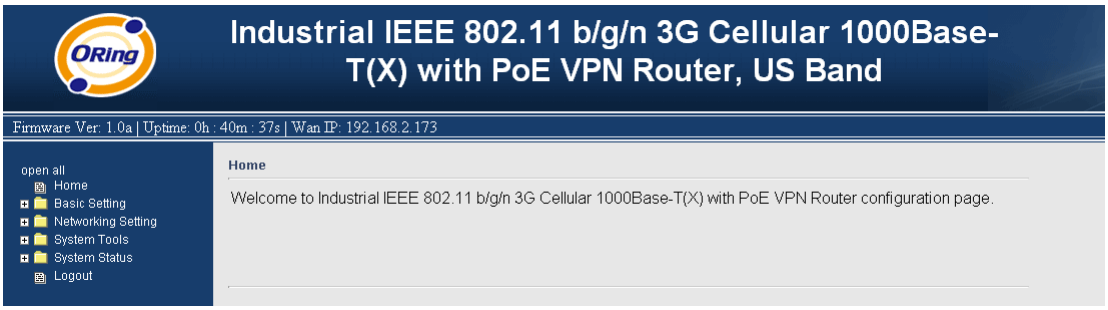


Login screen

For security reasons, we strongly recommend you to change the password. Click on **System Tools > Login Setting** and change the password.

5.3 Main Interface

The **Home** screen will be shown when login successfully.



Main Interface

In the page, you can check the Firmware version, the router running time and the WAN IP setting.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

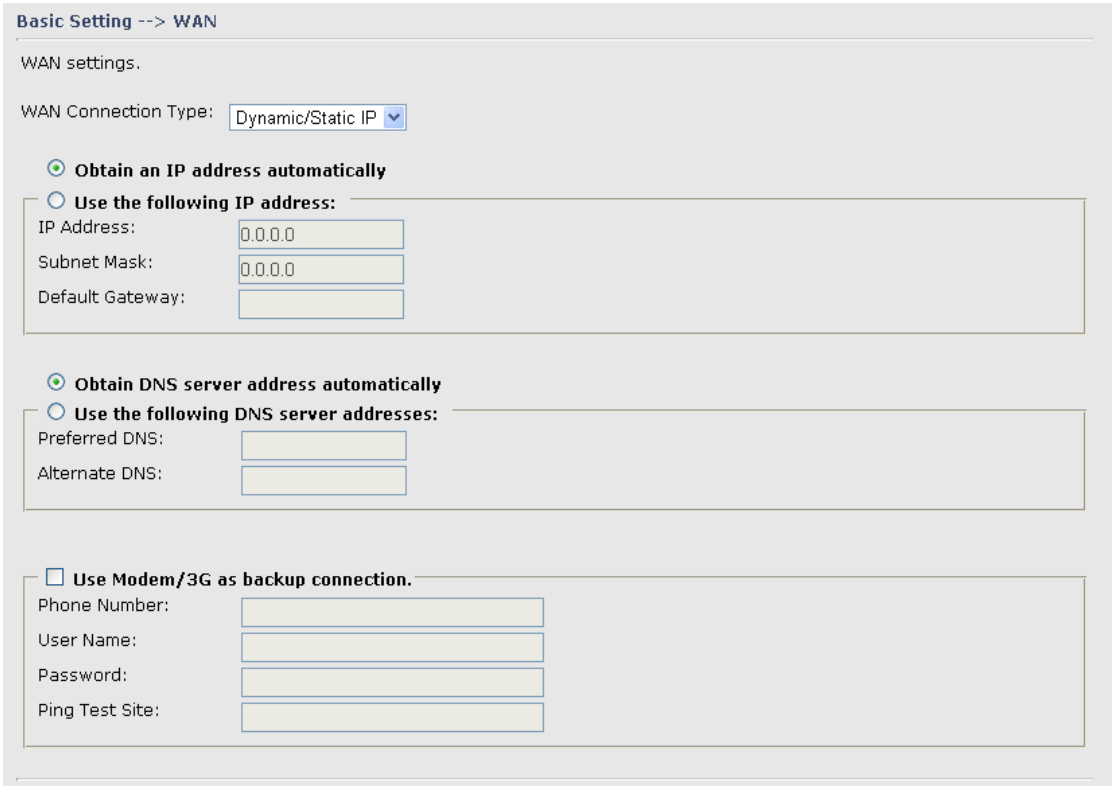
Label	Description
Firmware	Show the current firmware version.
Uptime	Show the elapsed time since the AP router is started.
Wan IP	Show the WAN IP address.

5.3.1 Basic Setting

WAN

The IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G AP router provide four types of WAN connection.

1. WAN Connection Type: Dynamic/Static IP



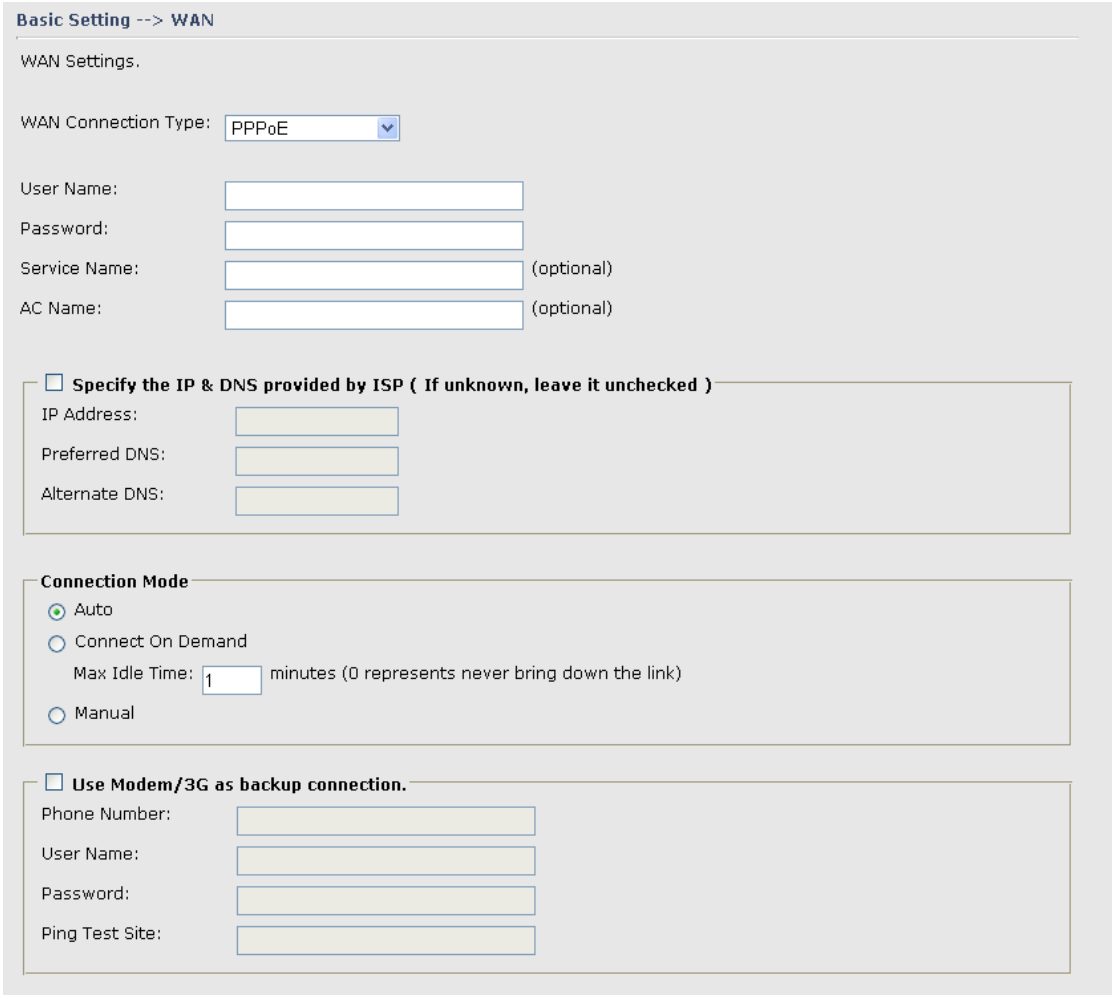
Dynamic/Static IP

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Obtain an IP address automatically	Select this option if you would like to have an IP address assigned automatically from the WAN port by DHCP server in your network.
Use the following IP address	Select this option if you would like to assign an IP address to the WAN port manually. You should set the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default gateway appropriately so that they comply with IP rules.
Obtain DNS server address automatically	Obtain DNS server from DHCP server. If the above **Obtain an IP address automatically** is selected, this option will be chosen accordingly.
Use the following DNS server addresses	Specify DNS server address manually.
Use Modem/3G as backup connection	Enable this option if you want to use Modem/3G as a backup connection when normal connection is lost. **Phone Number, User Name and Password:** Use these settings

	to dial up the Modem/3G connection. **Ping Test Site:** Use this site address to check if the connection is alive or lost. Take **www.google.com** as an example.

2. WAN Connection Type: PPPoE



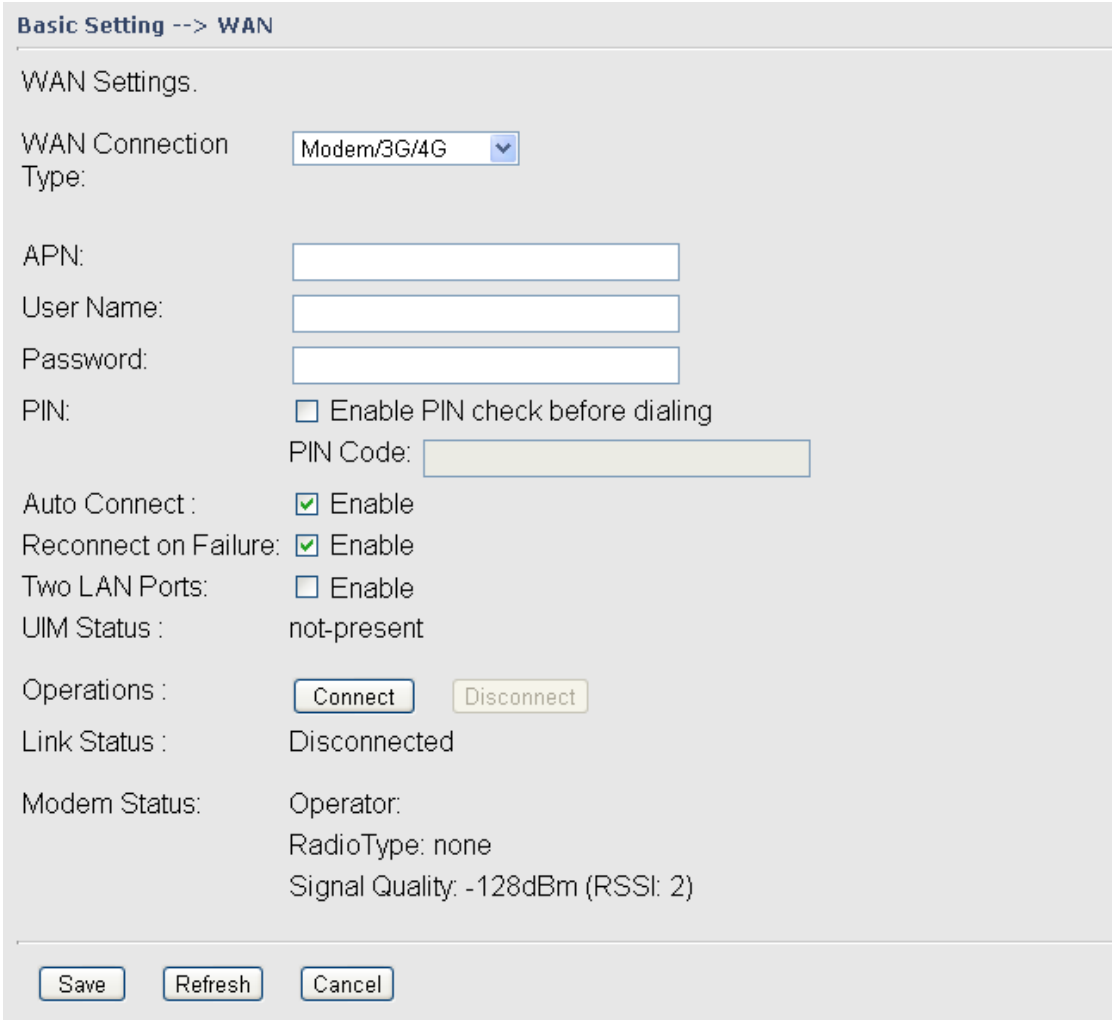
PPPoE Screen.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
User Name / Password	Enter the username & password provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
Service Name	Enter the service name provided by your ISP.
AC Name	Enter the name of the access concentrator as provided by your ISP.
Specify the IP & DNS	Enter static IP and DNS address which may required by some ISP

provided by ISP	
Connection Mode	**Auto:** Connect automatically when the router boots up. **Connect on Demand:** Select to disconnect the PPP session if the router has had no traffic for the specified amount of time. Enter the Max Idle Time in minutes. **Manual:** Select this option to use only the Connect/Disconnect buttons to call up or close the connection.
Use Modem/3G as backup connection	Enable this option if you want to use Modem/3G as a backup connection when PPPoE connection is lost. **Phone Number, User Name and Password:** Use these settings to dial up the Modem/3G connection. **Ping Test Site:** Use this site address to check if the connection is alive or lost. Example is as **www.google.com**

3. WAN Connection Type: Modem / 3G/4G

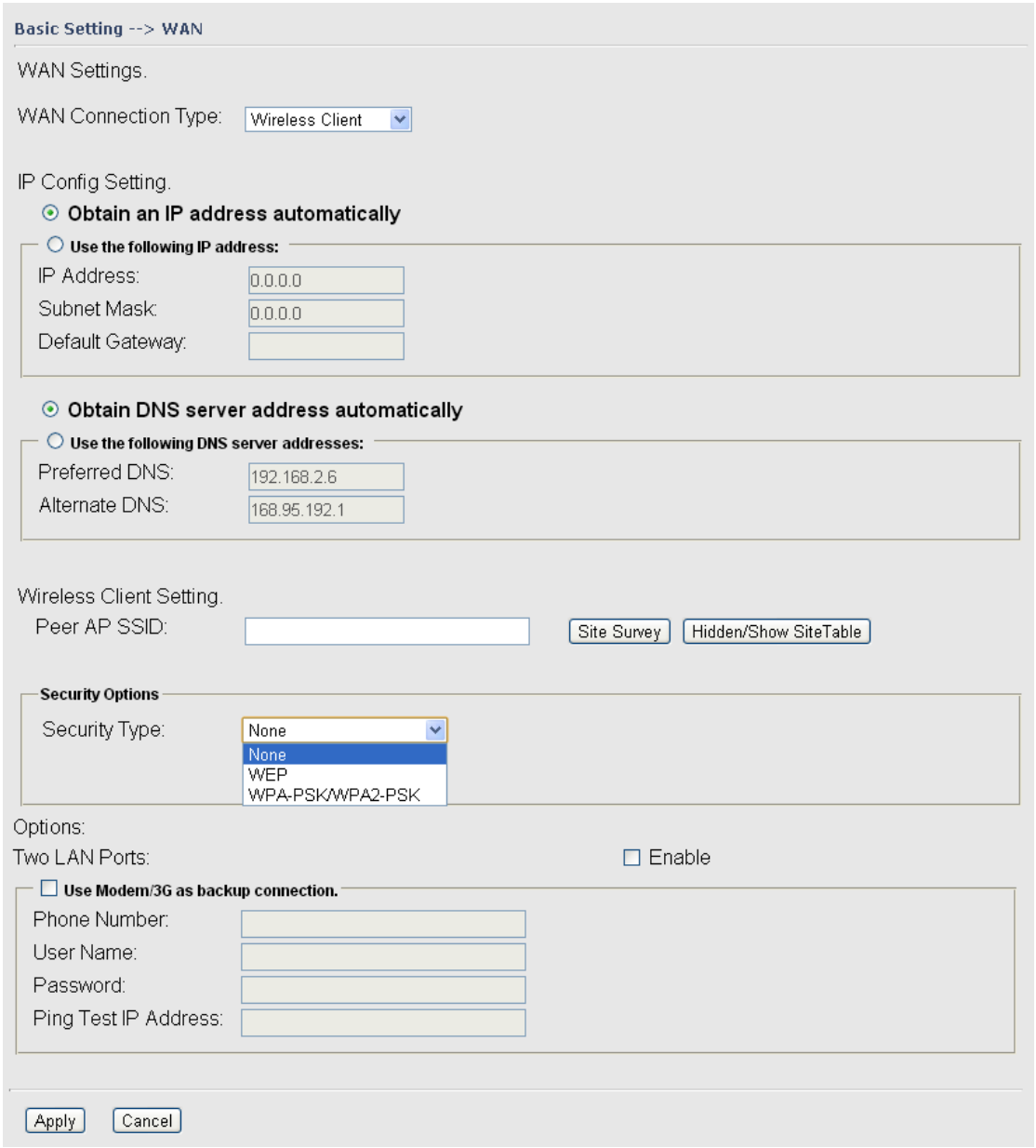


Modem/3G Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
APN	Enter the APN value it is optional.
User Name	User name provided by your ISP.
Password	Password provided by your ISP.
PIN	Enter the PIN code if PIN check is required.
Auto Connect	If this option is enabled, the connection will be called up when router boots up.
UIM Status	Show the status of SIM card.
Operations	Click "**Connect**" to call up the Modem/3G. Click "**Disconnect**" to shut down the connection.
Link Status	Show the status of connection, **up**, **down** or **connecting**.

4. WAN Connection Type: Wireless client



Wireless Client on WAN

Label	Description
Obtain an IP address automatically	Select this option if you would like to have an IP address assigned automatically from the WAN port by DHCP server in your network.
Use the following IP address	Select this option if you would like to assign an IP address to the WAN port manually. You should set the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default gateway appropriately so that they comply with IP rules.
Obtain DNS server	Obtain DNS server from DHCP server. If the above **Obtain an IP**

address automatically	**address automatically** is selected, this option will be chosen accordingly.
Use the following DNS server addresses	Specify DNS server address manually.
Peer AP SSID	Enter the other AP or AR SSID which you want to client
Site Scan	You can scan the SSIDs which used for AP mode in the certainty area
Security Type	Set the same security with the Client unit which you want to connect.
Use Modem/3G as backup connection	Enable this option if you want to use Modem/3G as a backup connection when normal connection is lost. **Phone Number, User Name and Password:** Use these settings to dial up the Modem/3G connection. **Ping Test Site:** Use this site address to check if the connection is alive or lost. Take **www.google.com** as an example.

LAN

These are the IP settings of the LAN interface for the IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G WLAN AP router. The LAN IP address is privately for your internal network and can not be exposed on the Internet.

LAN Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
IP Address	The IP address of the LAN interface, the default IP address is 192.168.10.1
Subnet Mask	The Subnet Mask of the LAN interface, the default Subnet mask is 255.255.255.0

DHCP

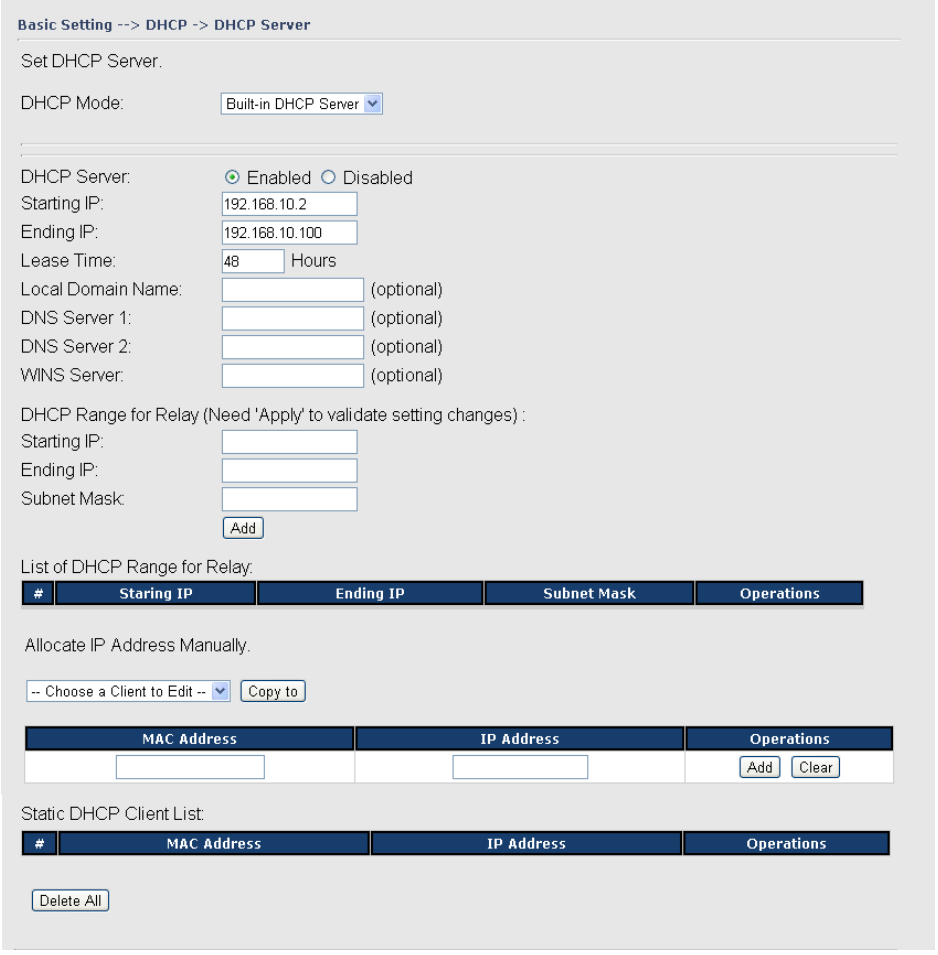
DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. The

IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G AP router with a built-in DHCP server. The internal DHCP server will assign an IP address to the computers (DHCP client) on the LAN automatically.

Set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to Obtain an IP Address Automatically. The DHCP server will allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer automatically.

The IP Allocation provides one-to-one mapping of MAC address to IP address. When a computer with the MAC address requesting an IP from the IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G AP router, it will be assigned with the IP address according to the mapping. You can choose one from the client lists and add it to the mapping relationship.

1. DHCP Sever



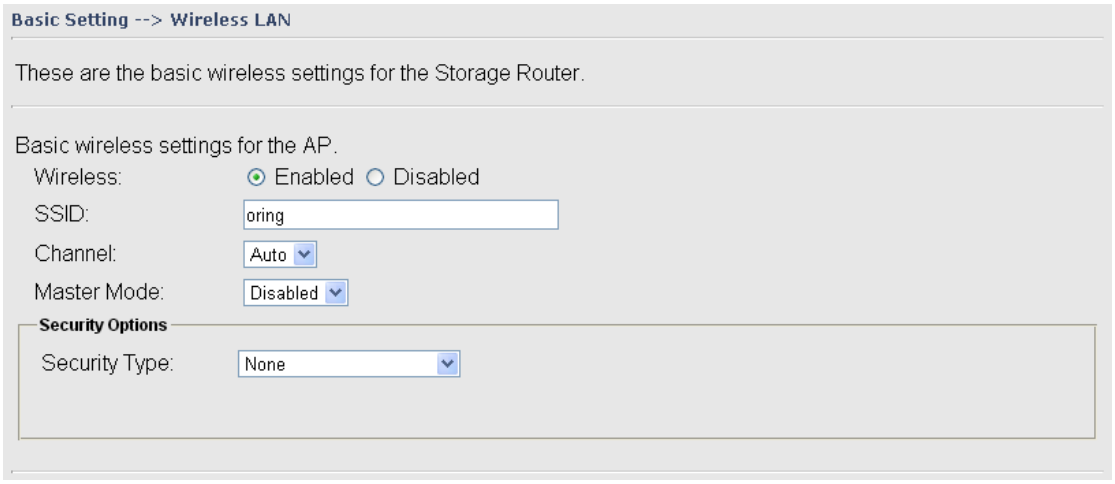
DHCP Server Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description

DHCP Mode	Select built-in DHCP server or DHCP Forwarder
DHCP Server	Enable or Disable the DHCP Server. The default setting is Enable
Starting IP	The starting IP address of the IP range for the DHCP server
Ending IP	The ending IP address of the IP range for the DHCP server
Lease Time	The period of time for the IP to be leased. Enter the Lease time. The default setting is 48 hours.
Local Domain Name	Enter the local domain name of private network. It is optional.
DNS Server 1&2	Enter the DNS Server. It is optional.
WINS Server	Enter the WINS Server. It is optional.
DHCP Relay start IP	Enter DHCP Relay starting IP
DHCP Relay end IP	Enter DHCP Relay Ending IP
Subnet Mask	Enter DHCP Relay IP Subnet mask
List of DHCP Range for relay	List DHCP Relay IP range
Choose a Client to Edit	The list shows the MAC addresses and IP addresses that are already assigned by IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G. Choose one from the list and click **Copy to** button for editing.
MAC Address	The MAC addresses of the computer.
IP Address	The IP address to be related to the MAC address.
Static DHCP Client List	The list shows the MAC address and IP address one-to-one relationship.

Wireless



Wireless Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

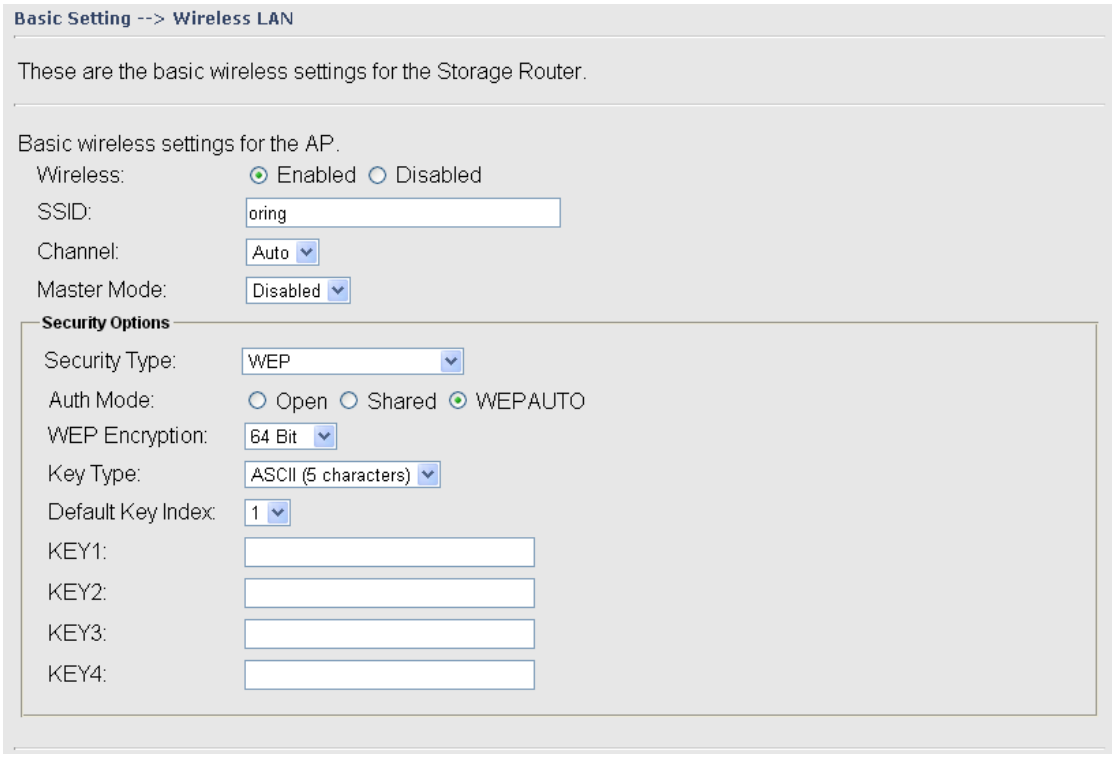
Label	Description
SSID	Service Set Identifier (SSID) is a unique name that identifies a

	network. All devices on the network must set the same SSID name in order to communicate on the network. If you change the SSID from the default setting, input your new SSID name in this field.
Channel	Channel 6 is the default channel. All devices on the network must share the same channel.* ***Note:** The wireless devices will automatically scan and match the wireless setting of the AP router with the same SSID.
Security options	Select the type of security for WLAN connection: **None:** NO encryption. **WEP:** Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) is a wireless security protocol for WLAN. WEP provides data encryption for communicating over the WLAN. **WPA/WPA2 Personal:** WPA-Personal or WPA2-Personal with a pre-shared key, each authorized computer is given the same pass phrase. **WPA/WPA2 Enterprise:** Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) authentication in conjunction with a RADIUS server. **802.1x:** Authentication through RADIUS server

Security Type – None

No security protection for WLAN.

Security Type – WEP

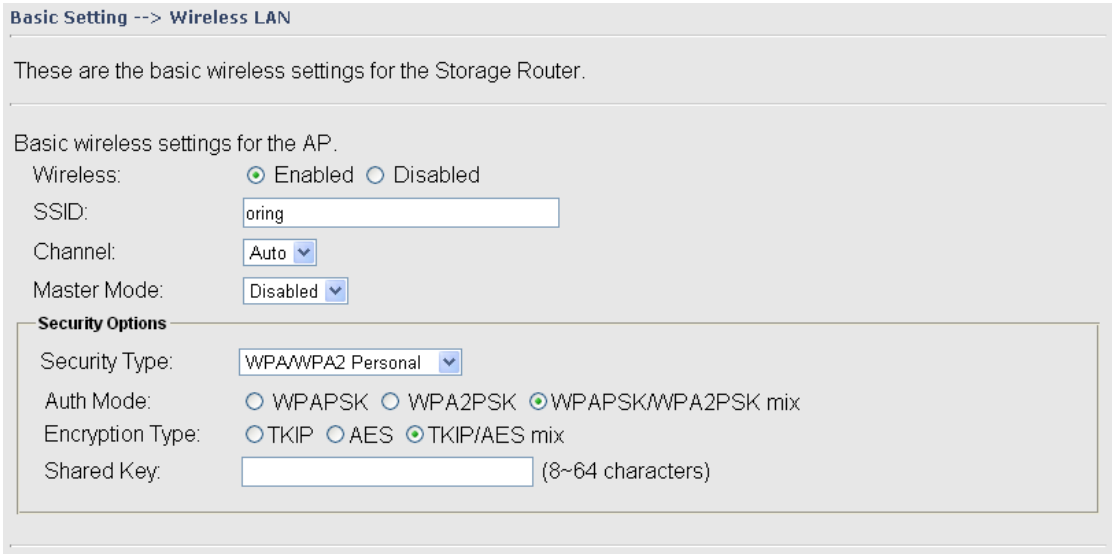


Wireless Security Type-WEP Screen

1. Choose one of three Auth Modes: **Open**, **Share** and **WEPAUTO**
2. WEP Encryption: Select 64 Bit or 128 Bit WEP encryption.
3. Key Type: Select **ASCII** or **Hex** key type.
4. Default Key Index: Select one of the keys to be the active key.
5. Key 1-4: Input up to four encryption keys.

ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) is a code for representing English letters as numbers from 0-127. **Hex** digits consist of the numbers 0-9 and the letters A-F.

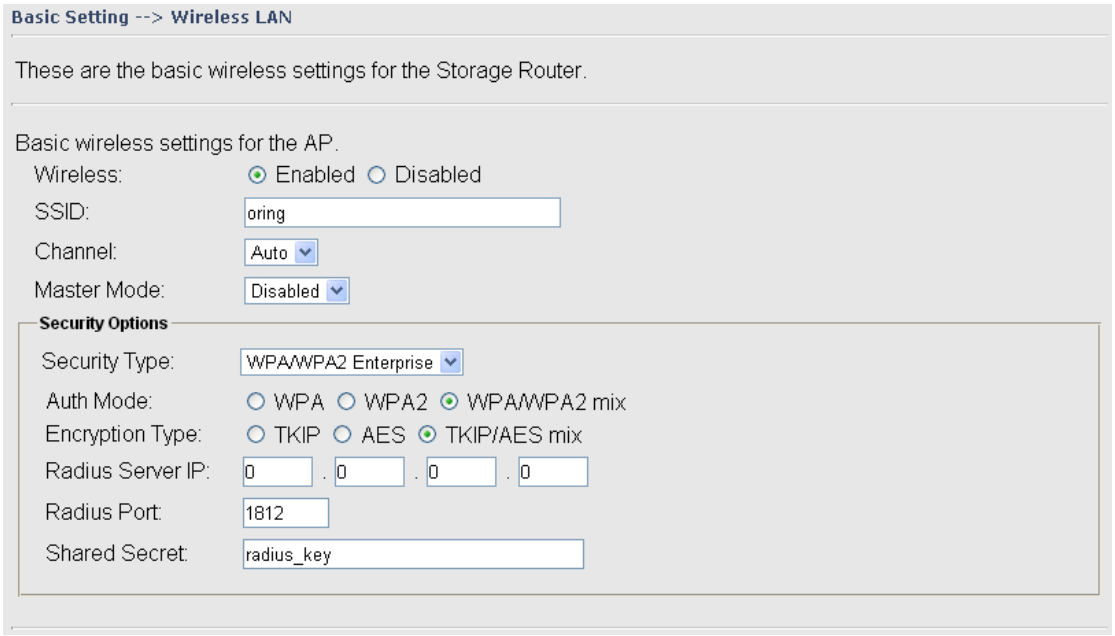
Security Type – WPA/WPA2-Personal



Wireless Security Type WPA/WPA2 Personal Screen

1. Security Type: Select **WPA/WPA2 Personal**.
2. Choose one of three Auth Modes: **WPAPSK**, **WPA2PSK**, **WPAPSK/WPA2PSK mix**
3. Encryption Type: Select **TKIP** or **AES** or **TKIP/AES mix**.
4. Share Key: Enter your pass phase. The pass phase should be between 8 and 64 characters.

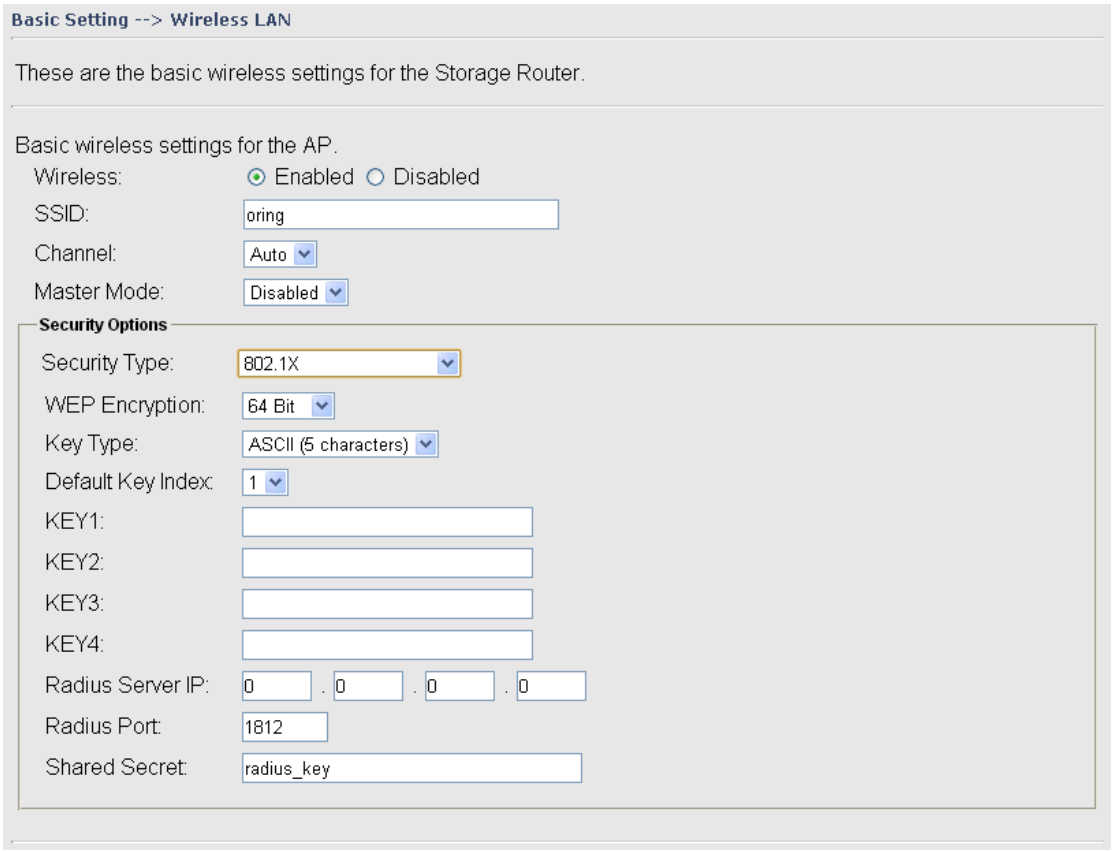
Security Type – WPA /WPA2 Enterprise



Wireless Security Type-WPA/WPA2 Enterprise Screen

1. Security Type: Select **WPA/WPA2 Enterprise**
2. Auth Mode: Choose one of three Auth Modes: **WPA**, **WPA2**, **WPA/WPA2 mix**.
3. Encryption Type: Choose one of three Encryption Types: **TKIP**, **AES**, **TKIP/AES mix**.
4. Radius Server IP: Enter the IP address of the RADIUS Server.
5. Port: Enter the RADIUS port (1812 is default).
6. Shared Secret: Enter the RADIUS password or key.

Security Type –802.1x

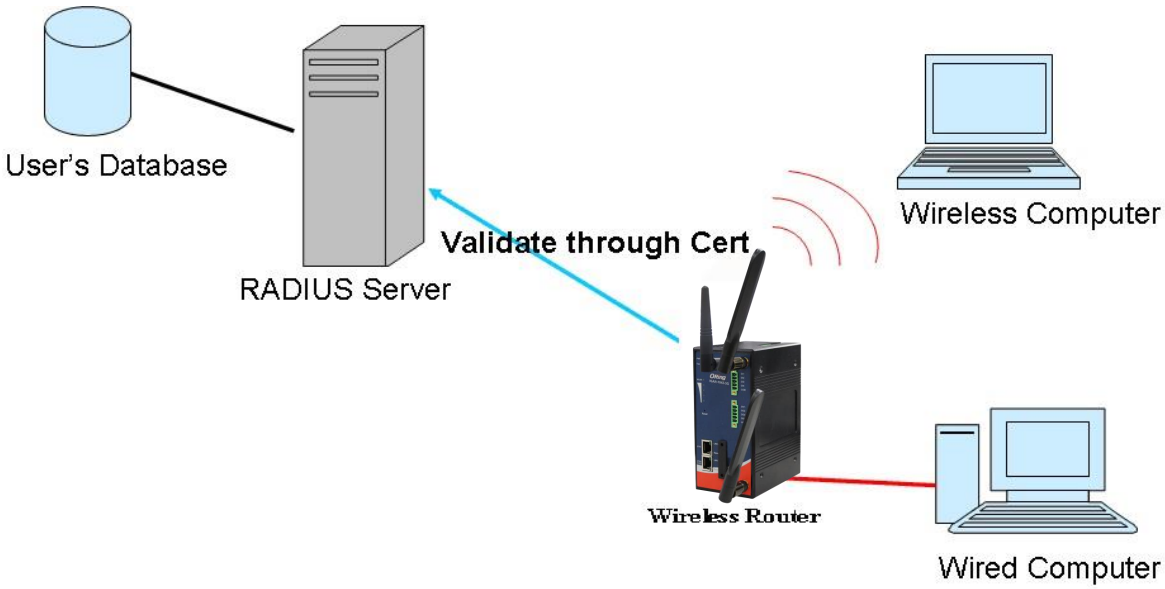


1. Security Type: Select **802.1X**
2. WEP Encryption: Select 64 Bit or 128 Bit WEP encryption.
3. Key Type: Select ASCII or Hex key type.
4. Default Key Index: Select one of the keys to be the active key.
5. Key 1-4: Input up to four encryption keys.
6. Radius Server IP: Enter the IP address of the RADIUS Server.
7. Port: Enter the RADIUS port (1812 is default).
8. Shared Secret: Enter the RADIUS password or key.

RADIUS, or Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service, is a widely deployed protocol that enables companies to authenticate, authorize and account for remote users who want access to a system or service from a central network server.

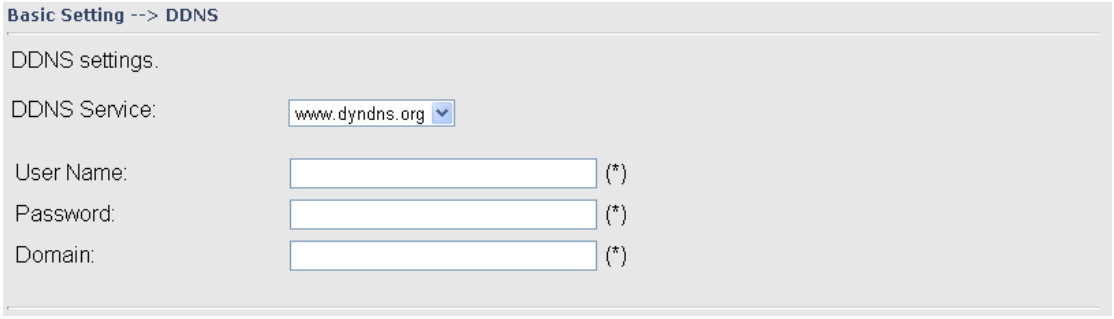
Radius server validates your proof, also carry on the authorization. So the Radius server received by ISA server responded (point out the customer carries proof to be not granted) and it means that the Radius server did not authorize you to carry. Even if the proof has already passed an identify verification, the ISA server may also refuse you to carry a claim according to the authorization strategy of the Radius server.

The principle of the Radius server is shown in the following pictures:



DDNS

Dynamic Domain Name System is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a changing IP address.



DDNS Screen

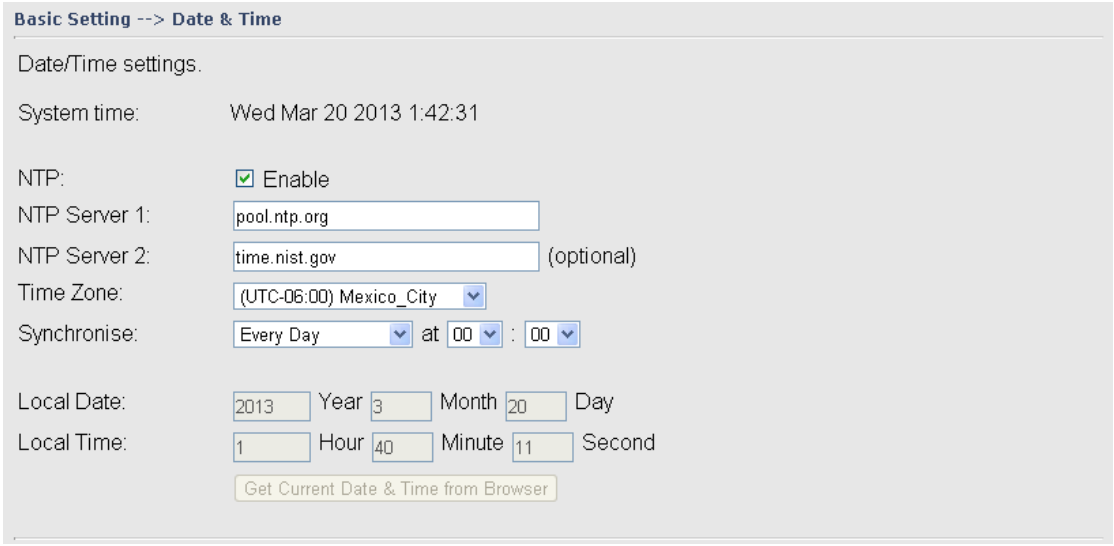
For example, Choose DDNS Service: www.dyndns.org and configure the following instructions:

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
User Name	Enter the user name for your DDNS account.
Password	Enter the password for your DDNS account.
Domain	Enter the domain names provided by your dynamic DNS service provider.

Date&Time

In this page, you can set the date & time of the device. The correct date & time will be helpful for logging of system events. A NTP (Network Time Protocol) client can be used to synchronize date & time with NTP server through internet.



Date & Time Screen

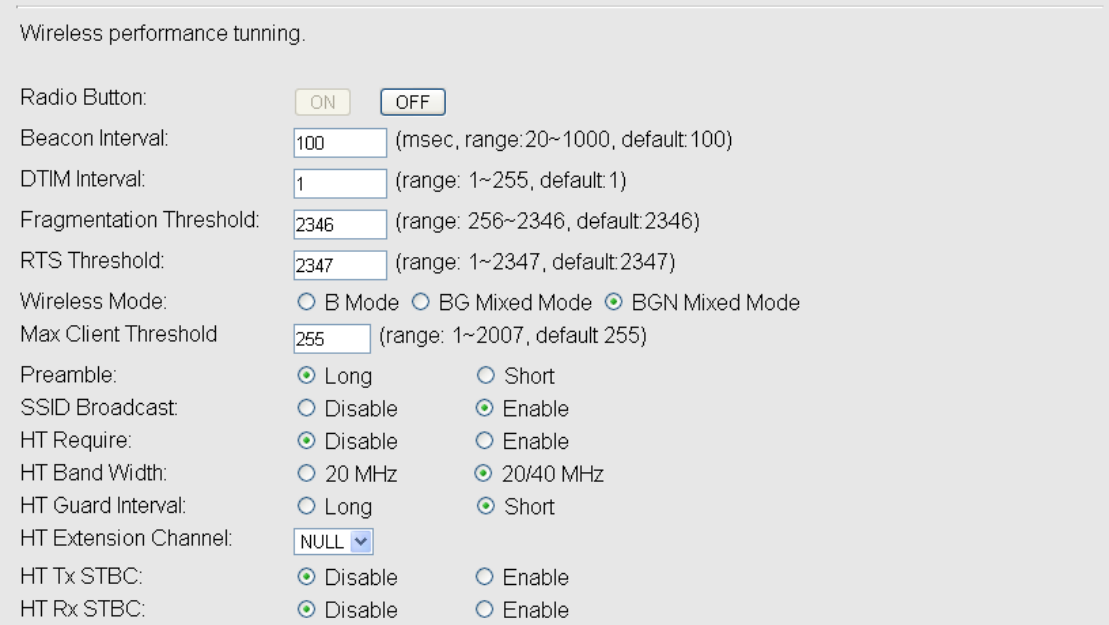
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Local Date	Set local date manually.
Local Time	Set local time manually.
Time Zone	Select the time zone manually
Get Current Date & Time from Browser	Click this button; you can set the time from your browser.
NTP	Enable or disable NTP function to synchronize time from the NTP server.
NTP Server 1	The primary NTP Server.
NTP Server 2	The secondary NTP Server.
Synchronize	This is the scheduled time when the NTP synchronization performed.

5.3.2 Networking Setting

Wireless setting

1. Advanced



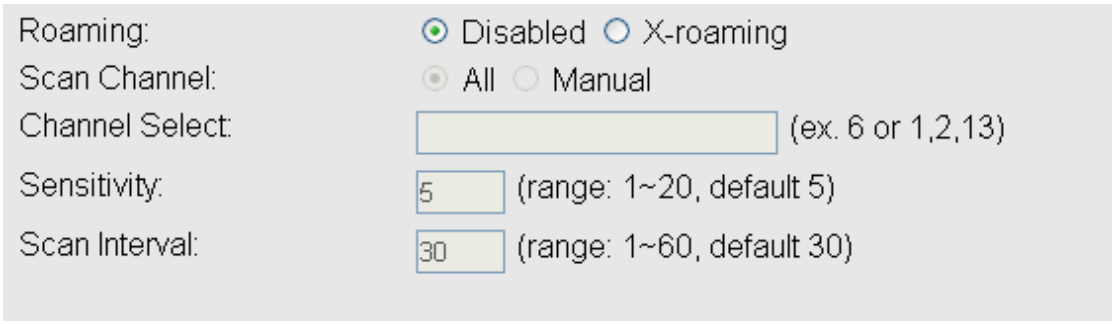
Wireless options interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Radio Button	Enable or Disable Wireless function
Beacon Interval	The default value is 100. The Beacon Interval value indicates the frequency interval of the beacon. A beacon is a packet broadcast by the AP to synchronize the wireless network. 50 is recommended in poor reception.
DTIM Interval	The default value is 1. This value, between 1 and 255 milliseconds, indicates the interval of the Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM). A DTIM field is a countdown field informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. When the AP has buffered broadcast or multicast messages for associated clients, it sends the next DTIM with a DTIM Interval value. Its clients hear the beacons and awaken to receive the broadcast and multicast messages.
Fragmentation Threshold	This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. The range is 256-2346 bytes. It specifies the maximum size for a packet before data is fragmented into multiple packets. If you

	experience a high packet error rate, you may slightly increase the Fragmentation Threshold. Setting the Fragmentation Threshold too low may result in poor network performance. Only minor modifications of this value are recommended.
RTS Threshold	This value should remain at its default setting of 2347. The range is 0-2347 bytes. Should you encounter inconsistent data flow, only minor modifications are recommended. If a network packet is smaller than the preset RTS threshold size, the RTS/CTS mechanism will not be enabled. The AP sends Request to Send (RTS) frames to a particular receiving station and negotiates the sending of a data frame. After receiving an RTS, the wireless station responds with a Clear to Send (CTS) frame to acknowledge the right to begin transmission.
Wireless Network Mode	You can select 802.11 a/b/g/n wireless mode mix or single
Preamble	Values are Long and Short, default value is Long. If your wireless device supports the short preamble and you are having trouble getting it to communicate with other 802.11b devices, make sure that it is set to use the long preamble

Extra parameters for Client Mode(X-Roaming)



X-Roaming setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen

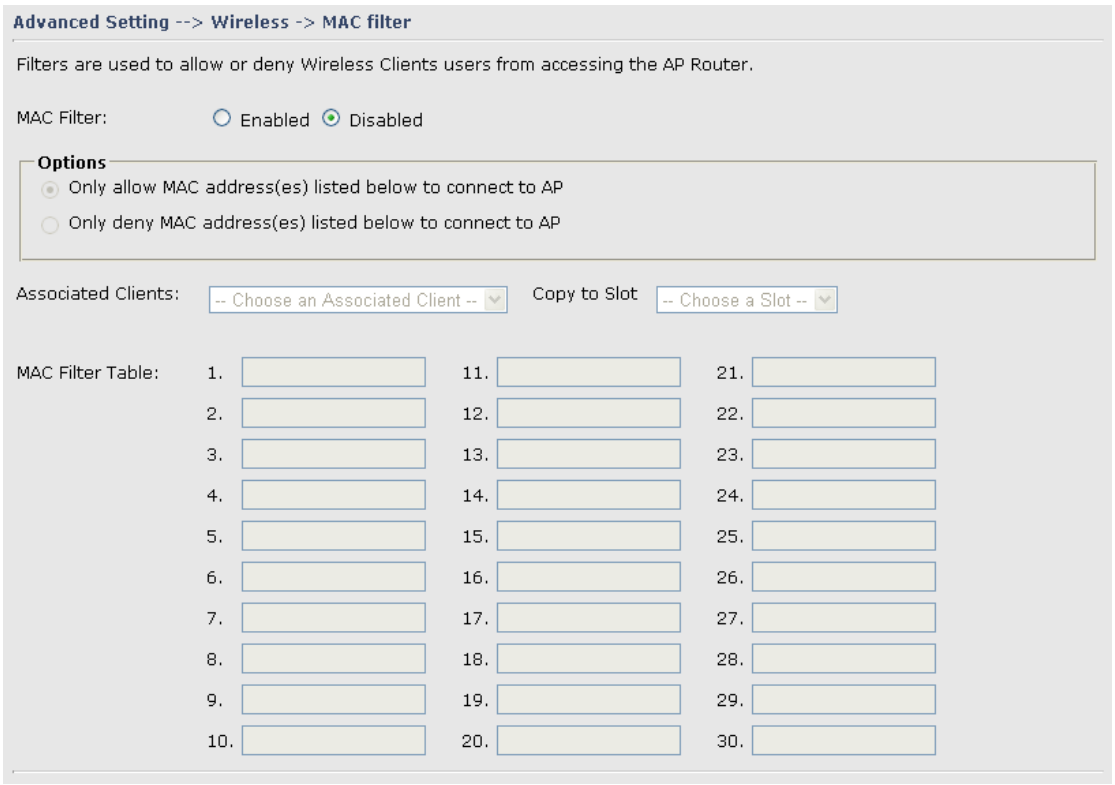
Label	Description
Roaming	**Disable:** Disable X-Roaming protocol. **X-roaming:** Enable X-Roaming protocol
Scan channel	**All:** scan all support channel **Manual:** only scan "channel select" value
Channel Select	Assign the roaming channel value

Sensitivity	Set the signal sensitivity
Scan interval	Set the scan interval

Wireless advance setting Screen

2. MAC Filter

Use **MAC Filter** to allow or deny wireless clients to associate with IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G AP router. You can manually add a MAC address or select the MAC address from **Associated Clients** that are currently associated with IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G.



MAC Filter Screen

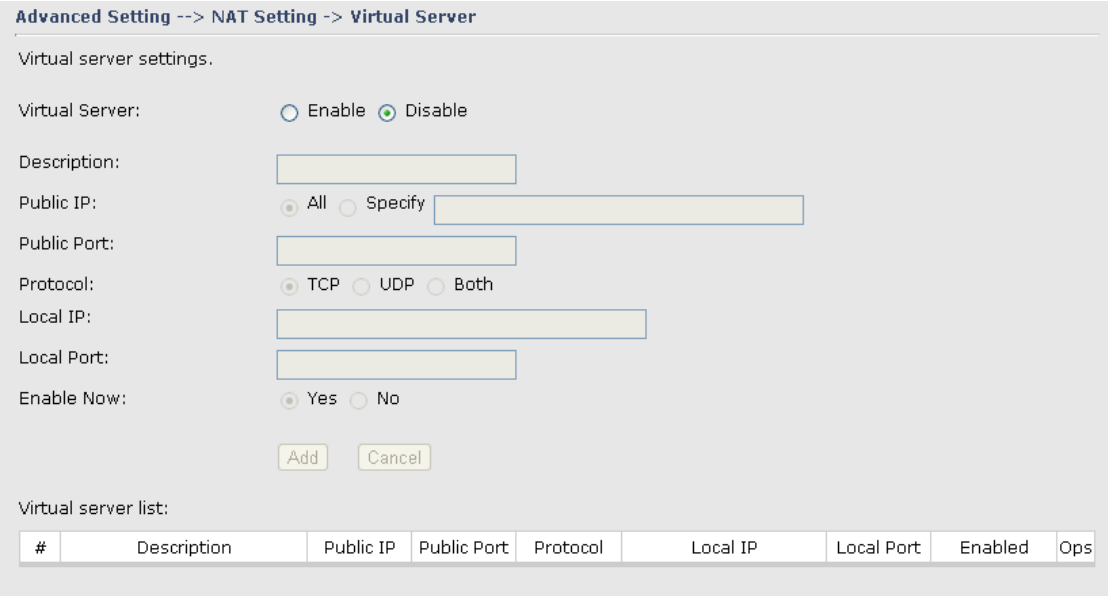
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
MAC Filter	Enable or disable the function of MAC filter.
MAC Filter List	This list shows the MAC addresses that are in the selected filter.
Connected Clients	This list shows the wireless MAC addresses that associated with AP.
MAC Address	MAC addresses for editing.
Apply	Click Apply to activate the configurations.

NAT Setting

1. Virtual Server

Virtual Server is used for setting up public services on the LAN, such as DNS, FTP and Email. Virtual Server is defined as a Local Port to the LAN servers, and all requests from Internet to this Local port will be redirected to the computer specified by the Local IP. Any PC that was used for a virtual server must have static or reserved IP Address because its IP address may change when requesting IP by DHCP.



Virtual Server

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Virtual Server	Enable or disable Virtual Server.
Description	Enter the description of the entry. Acceptable characters consist of '**0-9**', '**a-z**', '**A-Z**'. This field accepts null value.
Public IP	Enter the public IP that is allowed to access the virtual service, if not specified, choose All.
Public Port	The port number on the WAN (Wide Area Network) side that will be used to access the virtual service.
Protocol	The protocol used for the virtual service.
Local IP	The IP of the computer that will be providing the virtual service.
Local Port	The port number of the service used by the Private IP computer.
Enable Now	Enable the virtual server entry after adding it.
Virtual server list	Click **Edit** to edit the virtual service entry, **Del** to delete the entry.

2. DMZ

It allows a computer to be exposed to the Internet. This feature is useful for gaming purposes.

Enter the IP address of the internal computer that will be the DMZ host. Adding a client to the DMZ may expose your local network with variety of security risks, so only use this option carefully.

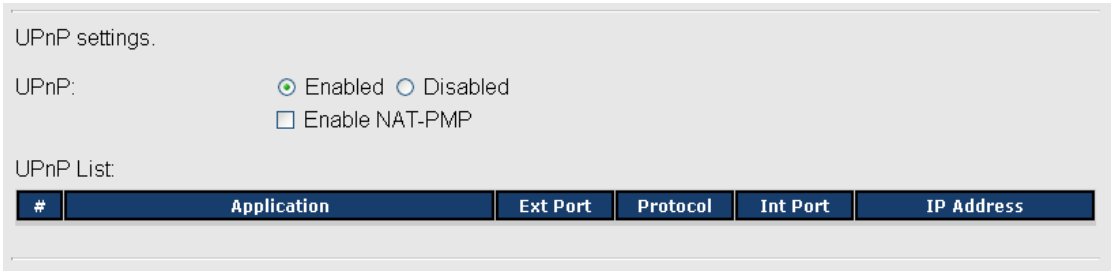
DMZ Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
DMZ	Enable or disable the DMZ.
Description	Description for the DMZ host entry.
DMZ Host IP	Enter the IP address of the computer to be in the DMZ.

3. UPnP

The UPnP (Universal Plug and Play) feature allows the devices, such as Internet computers, to access the local host resources or devices as needed. UPnP devices can be automatically discovered by the UPnP service application on the LAN.



UPnP Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
UPnP	Enable or disable UPnP.
Enable NAT-PMP	NAT-PMP allows a computer in a private network (behind a NAT router) to automatically configure the router to allow parties outside the private network to contact with each other. NAT-PMP operates with UDP. It essentially automates the process of port forwarding. Check the box to enable NAT-PMP.
UPnP List	This table lists the current auto port forwarding information. **Application:** The application that generates this port forwarding. **Ext Port:** The port opened on WAN side. **Protocol:** The protocol type. **Int Port:** The port redirected to the local computer. **IP Address:** The IP address of local computer to be redirected to. **Status:** This status shows if the entry is valid or not.

Firewall Setting

1. IP Filter

Filters are used to deny or allow LAN computers from accessing the internet. It also allow or deny WAN hosts to access LAN computers.

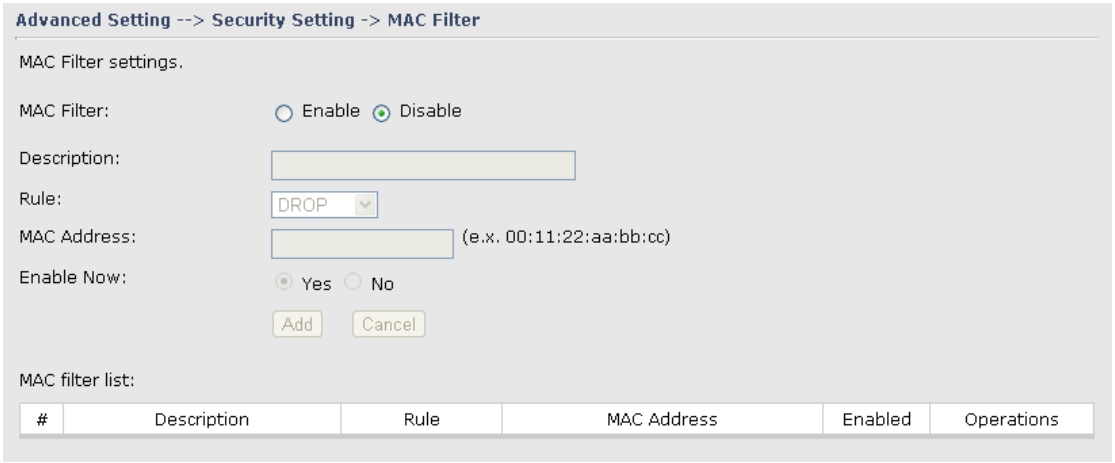
IP Filter Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
IP Filter	Enable or disable the IP Filter.
Description	Enter description for the entry.
Rule	Select **DROP**, **ACCEPT** and **REJECT** rule for the entry.
Direction	Specify the direction of the data flow that is to be filtered.
IP Address	Enter the IP address of the source and destination computer.
Protocol	Choose which protocol to be filtered.
Enable Now	Enable the entry after adding it.
IP filter list	Click **edit** for editing the entry, click **Del** to delete the entry.

2. MAC Filter

Filters are used to deny or allow LAN computers from accessing the internet, according to their MAC address.



MAC Filter Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

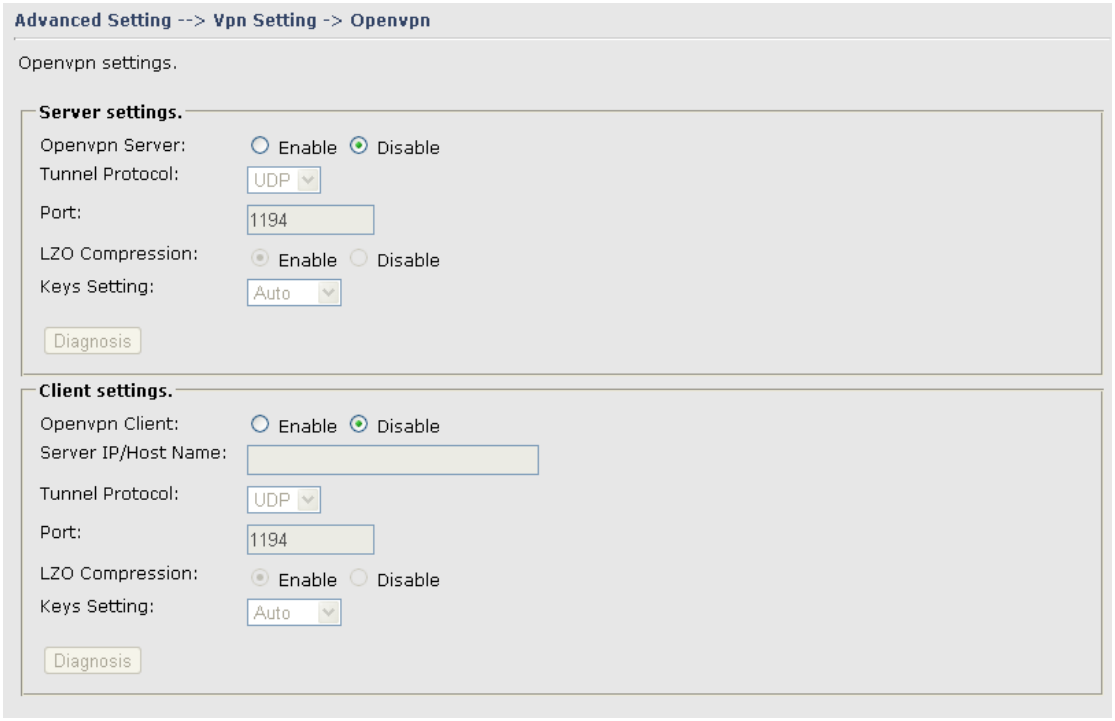
Label	Description
MAC Filter	Enable or disable the MAC Filter.
Description	Enter the description for the entry.
Rule	Select **DROP**, **ACCEPT** and **REJECT** rule for the entry.
MAC Address	Enter the MAC address to be filtered.
Enable Now	Enable the entry after adding it.
IP filter list	Click **Edit** for editing the entry, click **Del** to delete the entry.

VPN Setting

VPN Setting is settings that are used to create virtual private tunnels to remote VPN gateways. The tunnel technology supports data confidentiality, data origin, authentication and data integrity of network information by utilizing encapsulation protocols, encryption algorithms, and hashing algorithms.

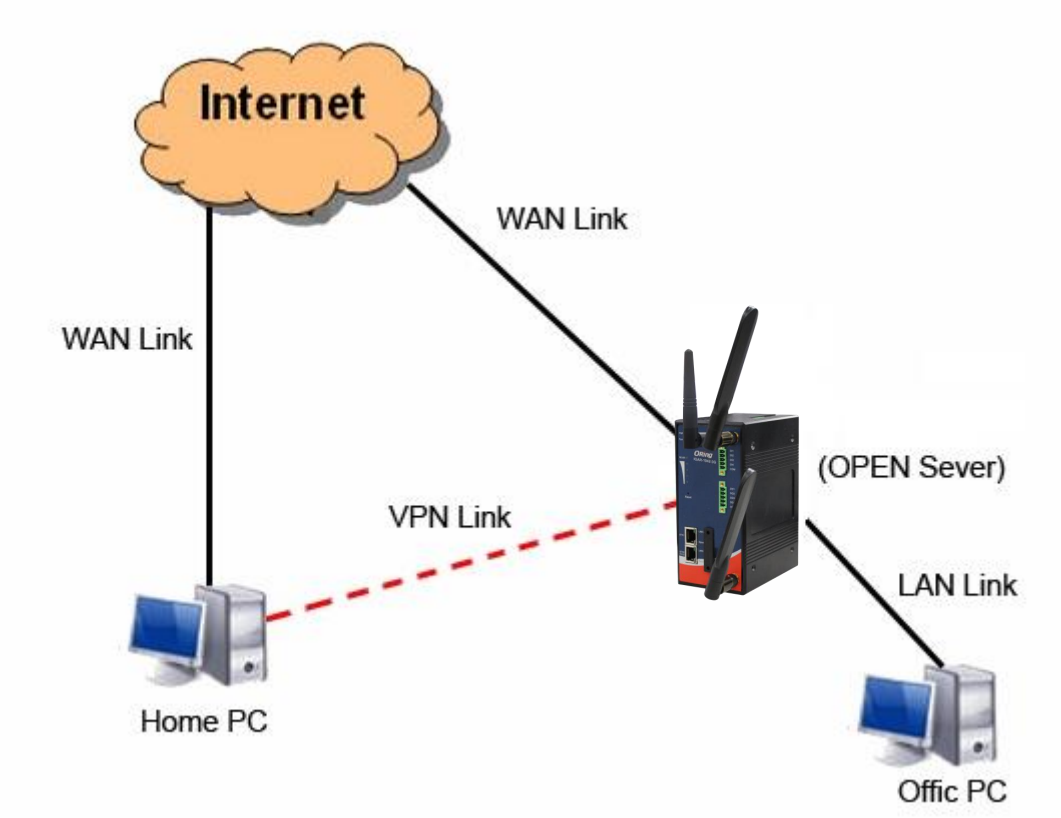
1. Open VPN

Open VPN is a full-functioned SSL VPN solution which can accommodates a wide range of configurations including remote access, site-to-site VPNs, WiFi security, and enterprise-scale remote access solutions with load balancing, failover, and fine-grained access-controls.



Open VPN Screen

The following topology shows the common use of VPN connection from WAN side.



1: Open VPN Server

Connection to Open VPN Server

Before connecting to the Openvpn server of IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G AP routuer, please install openvpn client software for your windows PC. It can be download from http://openvpn.net/download.html#stablel. The current version of Openvpn used in IGAR-1062+/1662+-3G/4G is version 2.0.9. The corresponding software for client should be installed.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Open VPN Server	Enable or disable the function of Open VPN Server.
Tunnel Protocol	Select UDP or TCP protocol.
Port	Input the number about the port, and the default is 1194.
LZO Compression	Enable or disable the function of LZO Compression.
Keys Setting	Select Auto to use the preset certificates, select Manual to paste your certificates. Please install openvpn client software to generate your certificates and paste them here. For more information, please visit openvpn website.

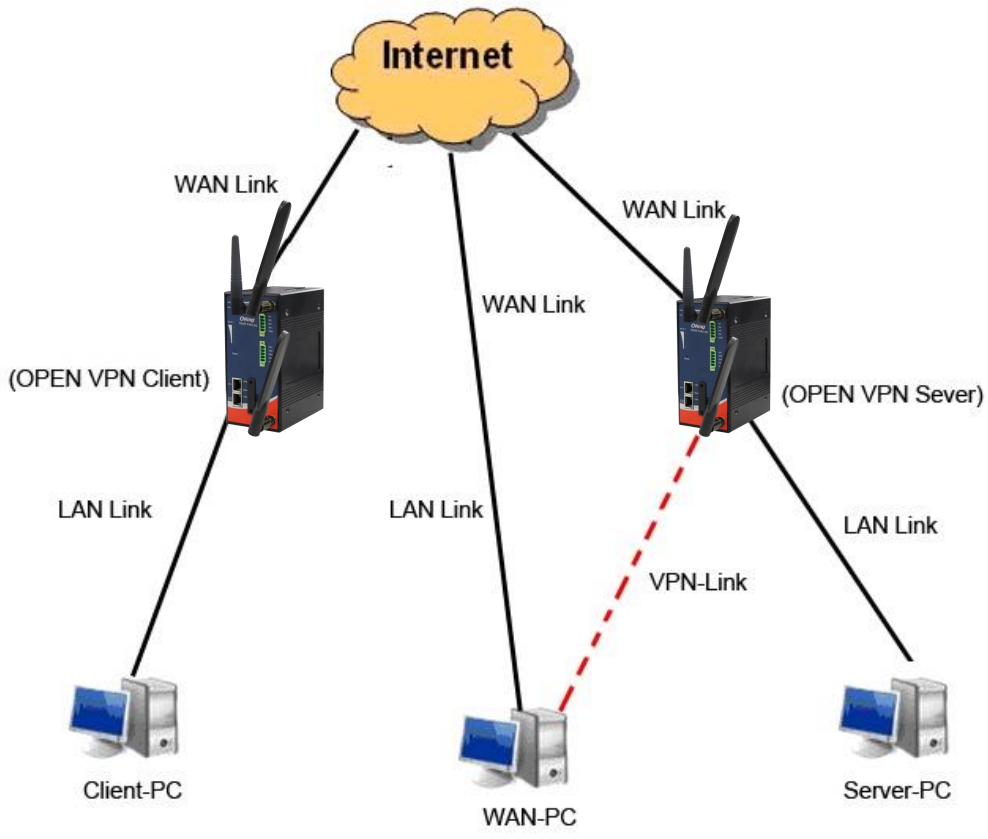
2: Open VPN Client

Two routers are needed for creating site-to-site VPN connection using this mode.

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Open VPN Client	Enable or disable the function of Open VPN Client. You can allow or deny the Open VPN Client with this option.
Server IP	Enter the Open VPN Server IP address.
Tunnel Protocol	Select UDP or TCP protocol.
Port	Enter the port number, default is 1194.
LZO Compression	Enable or disable the LZO Compression.
Keys Setting	Select **Auto** to use the preset certificates, select **Manual** to paste your certificates. Please install software for openvpn client to generate your certificates and paste them here. For more information, please visit openvpn website.

3: Open VPN Server VS Client



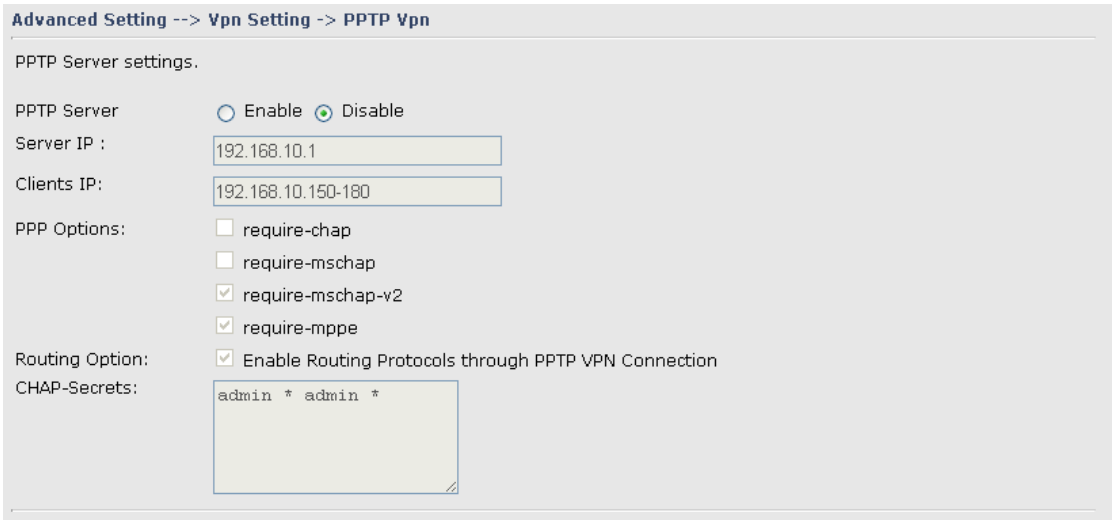
Client-PC and connect to Server-PC,WAN-PC

The chart above displays the connection of Open VPN Server and Client. The Server IP and Client IP address should configure with the same network domain.

2. PPTP VPN

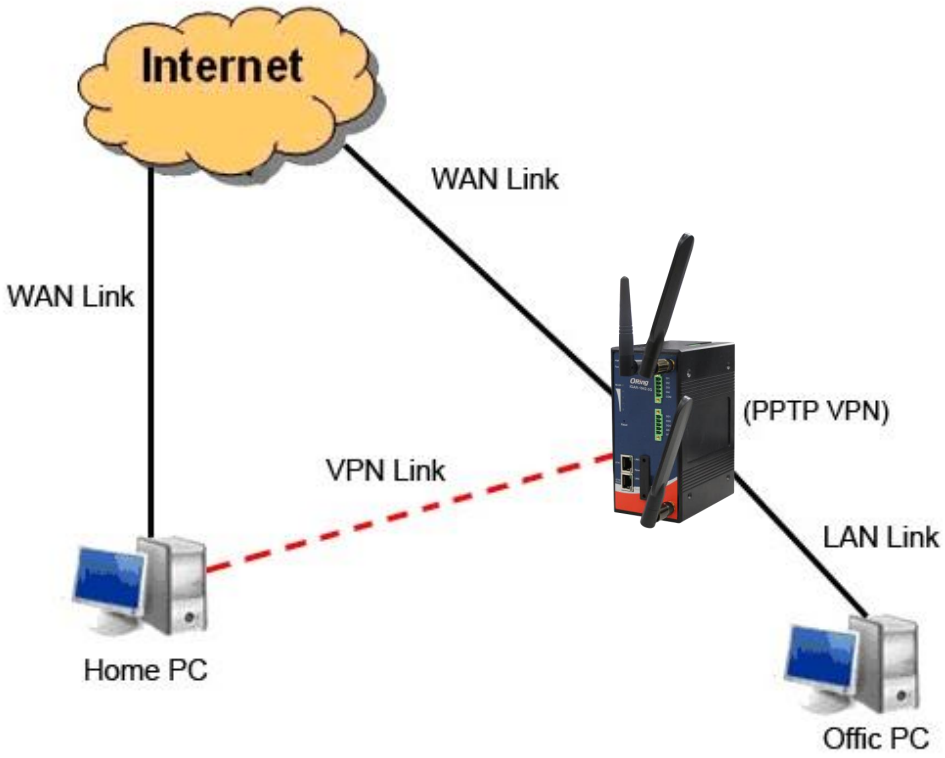
The PPTP (Point to Point Tunneling Protocol) VPN feature allows PC connected to the router from WAN port, just like connecting in the LAN.

To create a PPTP connection to the router, you should create a PPTP network connection if you are using a window PC. The steps are: **Right click Network > property > create a new connection > connect to my work space (VPN) > use VPN to internet > enter the user name and password** which are set in the page.



PPTP VPN Screen

The following topology shows the common use of PPTP connection from the internet.



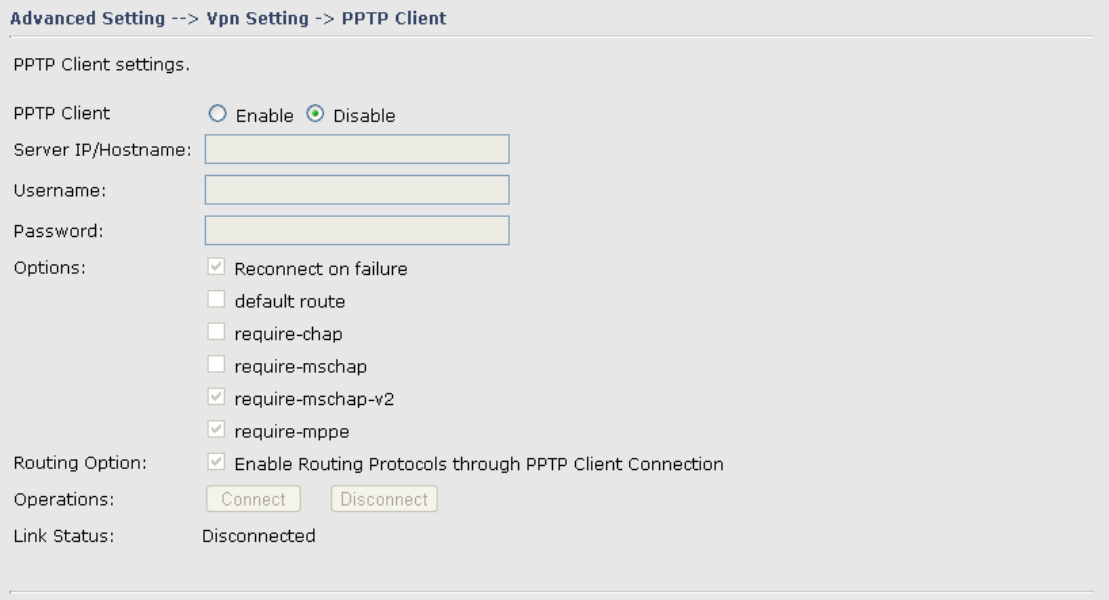
Connection to PPTP VPN Server

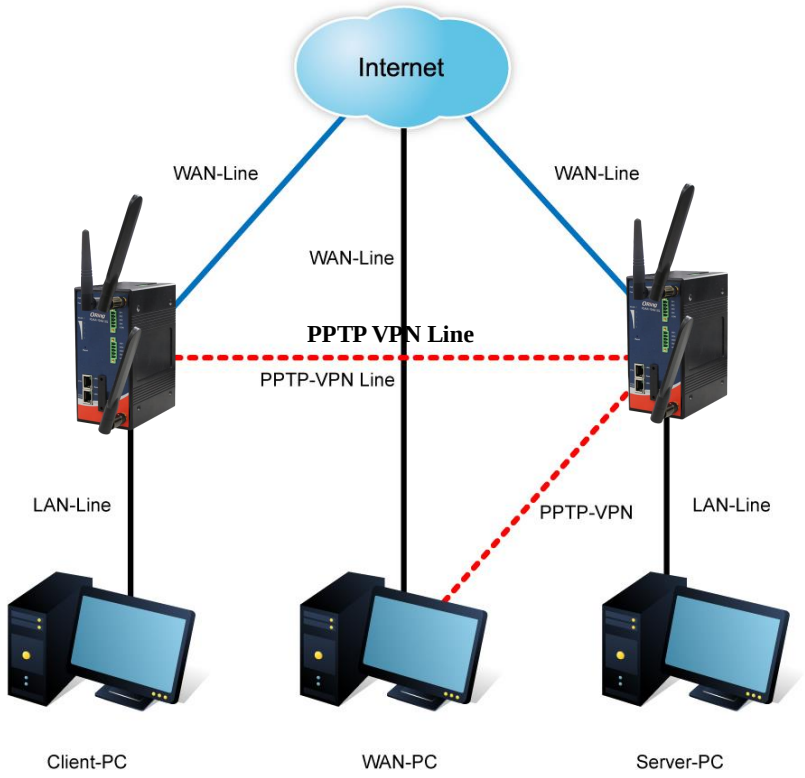
The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
PPTP Server	Enable or disable PPTP VPN Server.
Server IP	Enter the server side IP address, default is the LAN port IP.
Client IP	Enter the IP address range, format is as **192.168.10.xx-xx**, connected client will be assigned the IP address.
CHAP-Secrets	Enter the username and password pairs, format is as **user * pass ***, multiple username password pairs are allowed.

3. PPTP Client

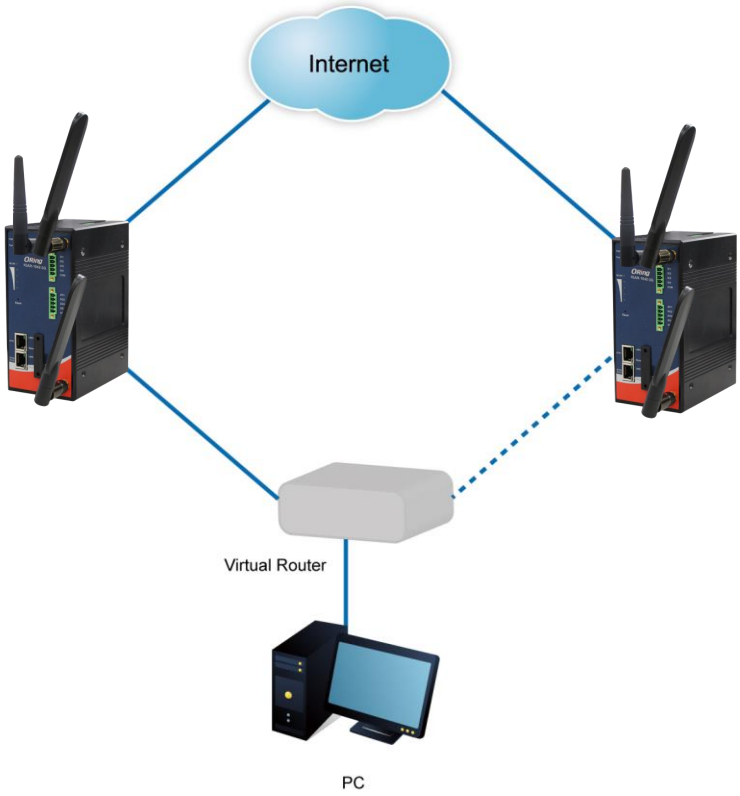
If the router A want to link with the others which is not in the same network with the router A, the function of PPTP client should support in the router page.





Label	Description
PPTP Client	Enable or disable PPTP Client.
Server IP/Hostname	Enter the server IP address or hostname.
Username/Password	Enter the username and password which is signed by PPTP server.
Option	**Reconnect on failure:** Pitch on this option, it will be reconnect when the link is on failure. **Require MPPE:** Choose Enable Require MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption) to encrypt data across Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) and Virtual Private Network links.
Operations	Click "Connect" to link the server, if or not, you can click ""Disconnect" to break off from the server.
Link Status	Show the status about the link.

VRRP



VRRP(Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) settings.

VRRP Protocol:	○ Enable ◉ Disable
VRRP Instance State:	◉ Master ○ Backup
Virtual Router ID:	1
Virtual Router IP:	192.168.10.2
Priority:	100 (1~254)
Authentication Password:	

Routing Protocol (Routing Setting)

This page shows the information of routing table. The initial state of the router connect to the WAN, it will be based on the outside networks to access the routing table automatically. You can refer the shows about the bellow page.

Current Routing Table:

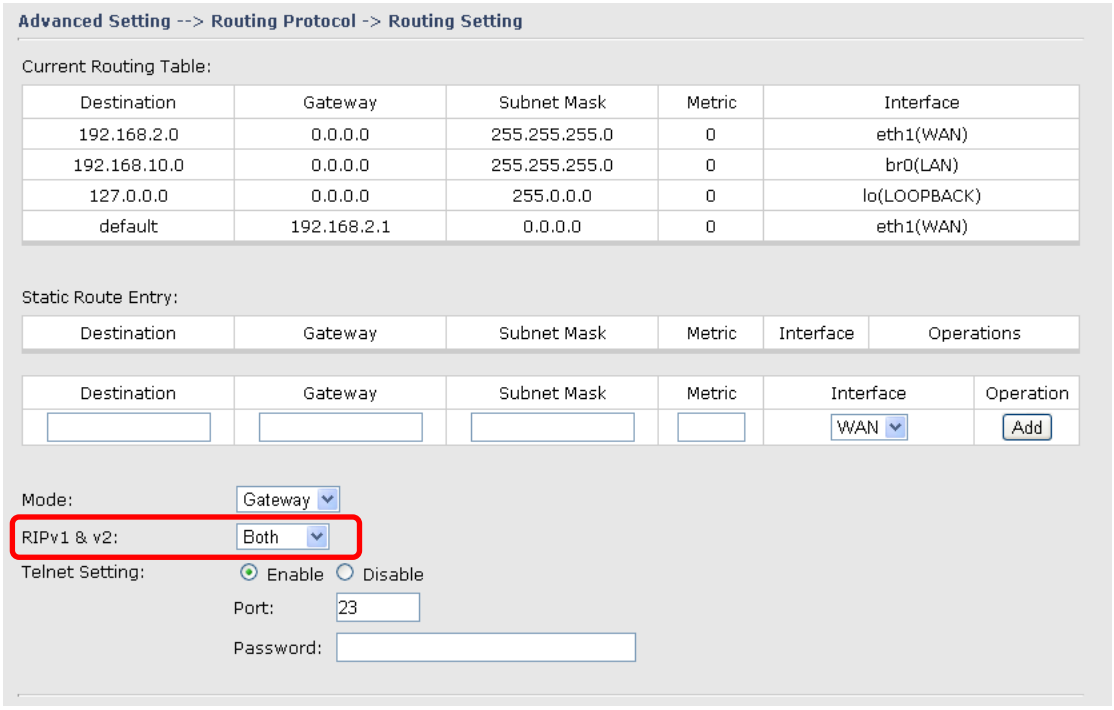
Destination	Gateway	Subnet Mask	Metric	Interface
192.168.2.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0	eth1(WAN)
192.168.10.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	0	br0(LAN)
127.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0	lo(LOOPBACK)
default	192.168.2.1	0.0.0.0	0	eth1(WAN)

The table shows the normal routing table

1. Use Dynamic Routing

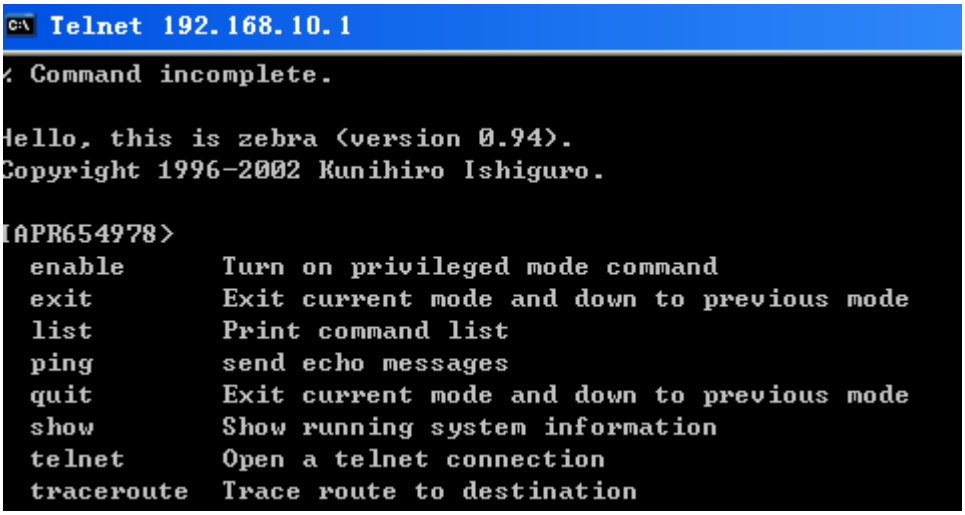
Use the dynamic routing, you should not choose "Disable" about the **RIPv1 & v2** in the routers.

Click "Apply", and you can see the more information in the **Current Routing Table**, which shows the network segment of the other router.



Label	Description
Current Routing Table	Show the current the routing information.
Static Router Entry	Not RIP and enter the right value in the textbox will be showing.
Mode	If you want to the PC in the router can visit the outside network, only choose the **Gateway Mode**; if or not, you choose the **Router Mode.**
RIPv1 &v2	Choose "Disable" in the Static routing.
Telnet Setting	Only use in the Dynamic routing.

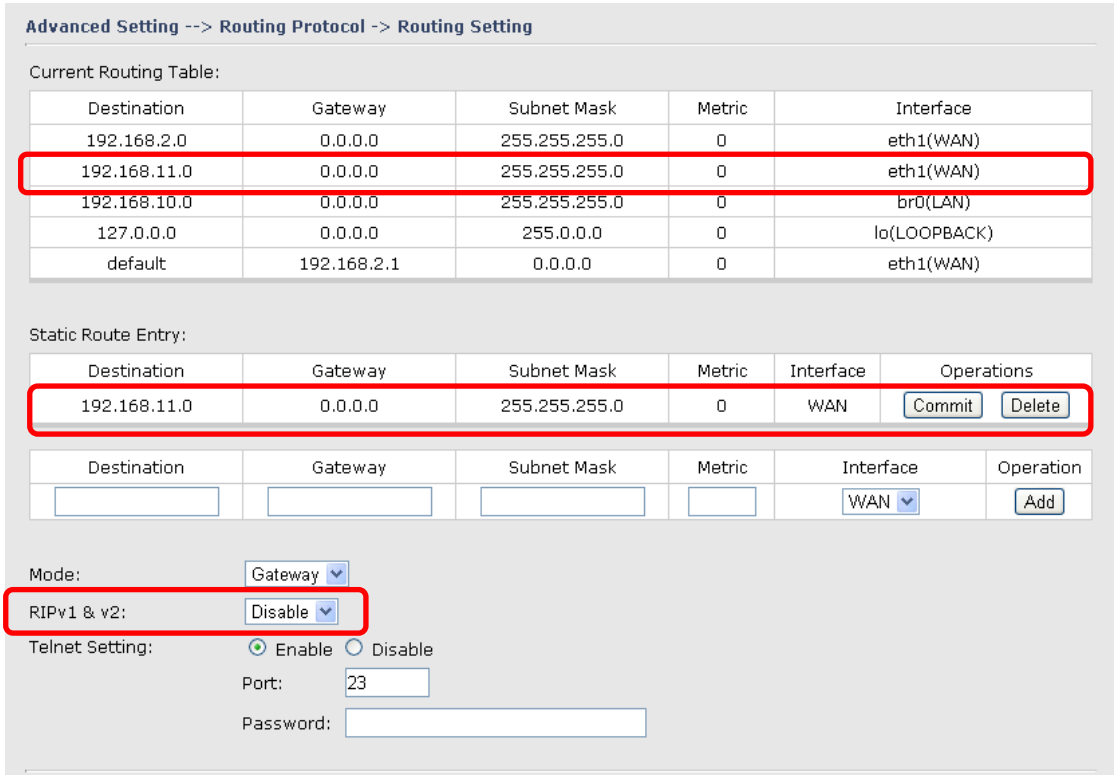
Simultaneously, only use the Telnet function in the dynamic routing. You can telnet the LAN IP and there are many orders.



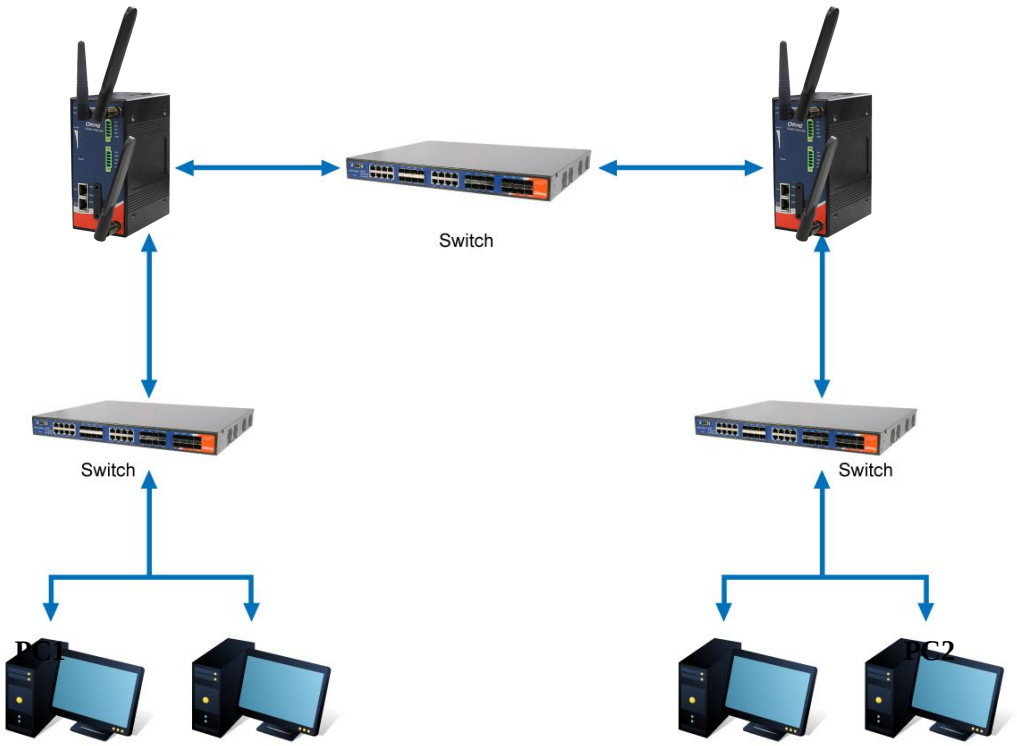
2. Use Static Routing

Use the Static routing, you should choose "Disable" about the **RIPv1 & v2** in the routers.

Click "Apply", and you can see the more information in the **Current Routing Table** and **Static Route Entry**, which shows the network segment of the other router.



Use the dynamic routing; it will have many ways such as RIP, OSPF.BGP. In this router, we use the RIP Protocol to finish the dynamic routing table.



The Routing Topography

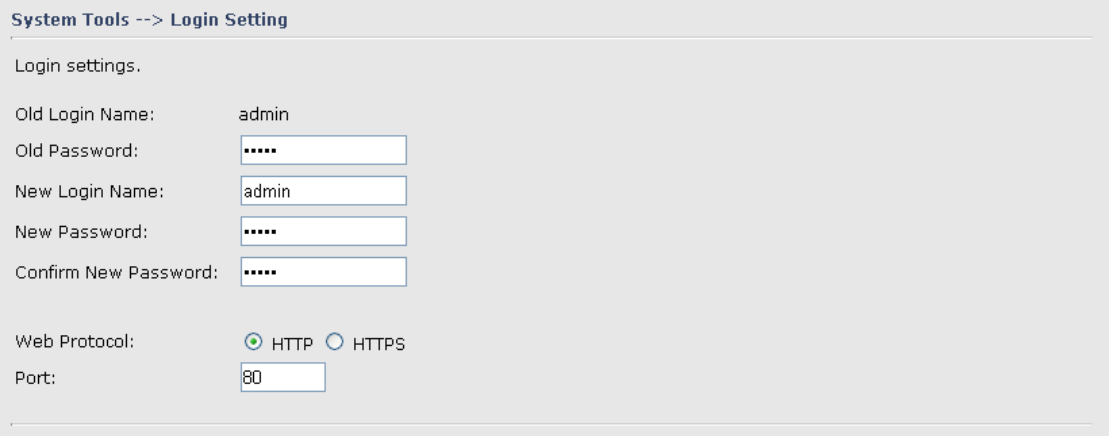
RIP, Routing Information Protocol, is a dynamic routing protocol used in local and wide area networks. As such it is classified as an interior gateway protocol (IGP) using the distance-vector routing algorithm.

After all settings, PC1 can visit PC2 which is different network segment of the PC1.

5.3.3 System Tools

Login Setting

At this page, the administrator can change the login name and password. The default name and password is **admin** and **admin**.



Login Setting Screen

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

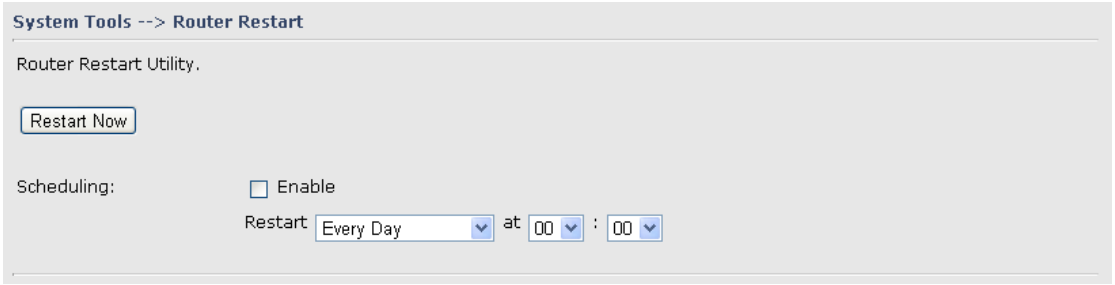
Label	Description
Old Name	This field shows the old login name.
Old Password	Before making a new setting, you should provide the old password for verification. Acceptable characters of this field contains '**0-9**', '**a-z**', '**A-Z**' and must be between 0 to 15 characters in length. An empty password is also acceptable.
New Name	Enter a new login name. Acceptable characters of this field contains '**0-9**', '**a-z**', '**A-Z**' and must be between 1 to 15 characters in length. An empty name is not acceptable.
New Password	Enter a new login password. Acceptable characters of this field contains '**0-9**', '**a-z**', '**A-Z**' and must be between 0 to 15 characters in length.
Confirm New Password	Retype the password to confirm it. Acceptable inputs of this field contains '**0-9**', '**a-z**', '**A-Z**' and must be between 0 to 15 characters in length.
Web Protocol	Choose the web management page protocol. HTTP and HTTPS are both supported.

Port	Choose the web management page port number. For HTTP, default port is 80; For HTTPS, default port is 443.

HTTPS (HTTP over SSL) is a Web protocol which encrypts and decrypts user page requests as well as the pages that are returned by the Web server.

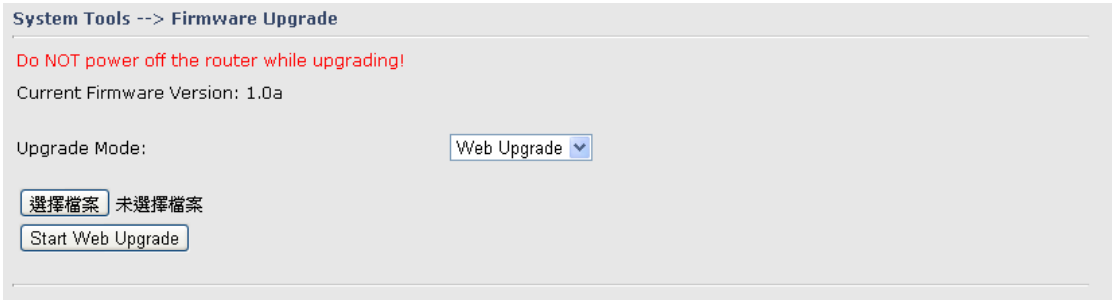
Router Restart

If you want restart the router through the **Warm Reset**, click **Restart Now** to restart the Wireless Router. Also, you can set a **Scheduling** time to make the router restart.



Router Restart Screen

Firmware Upgrade

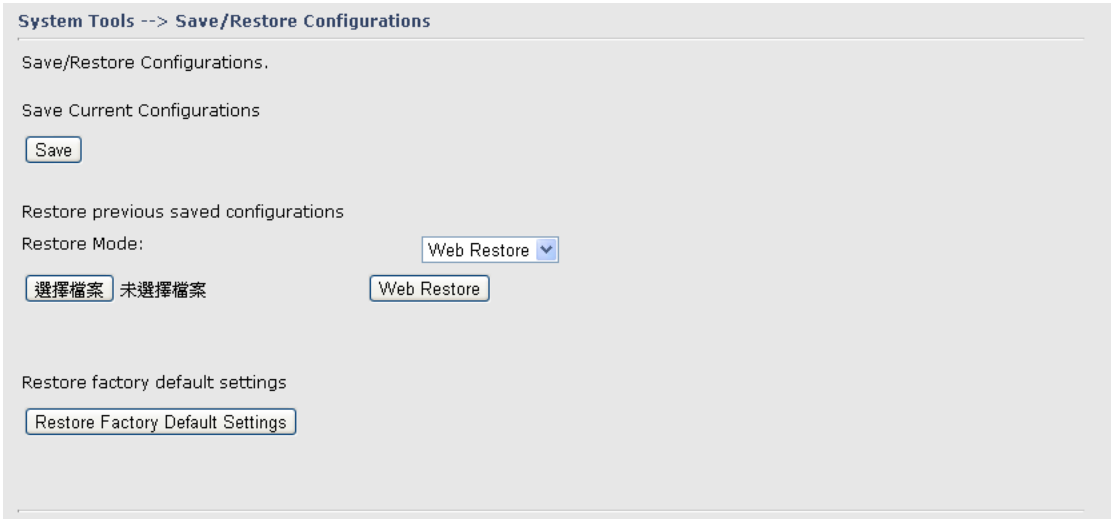


Firmware Upgrade Screen

Newer firmware may provide better performance or function extensions. To upgrade the new firmware, you need a firmware file which matches the model of this AP router. It will take several minutes to upload and update the firmware. After the upgrade is done successfully, reboot the router to utilized new firmware.

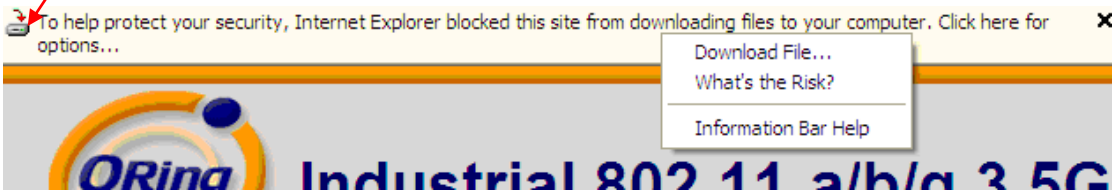
Important Notice: DO NOT POWER OFF THE ROUTER OR PRESS THE RESET BUTTON WHILE THE FIRMWARE IS BEING UPGRADED.

Save/Restore Configurations



Save/Restore Configurations Screen

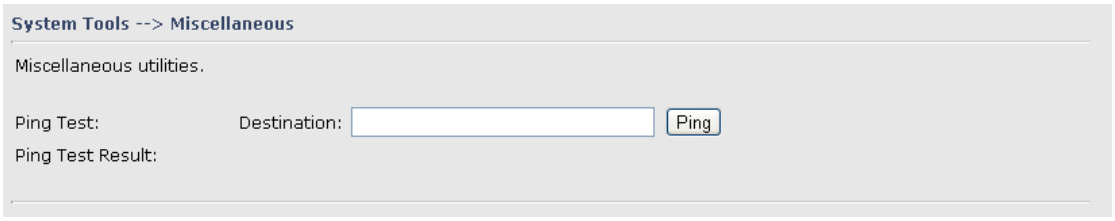
Save: The configuration file can be downloaded. (Internet Explorer user will need to click on the protection bar on top and click choose "download files")



The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Download configuration	The current system settings can be saved as a file into your PC.
Upload configuration	The configuration can be restored to the router. To reload a system settings file, click on **Browse** to browse your local hard drive and locate the system settings file previously saved. Click **Upload** when you have selected the file.
Restore Default Settings	You may also reset the router to the factory settings by clicking on **Restore Default Settings**. The router will reboot to validate the default settings.

Miscellaneous (Ping)

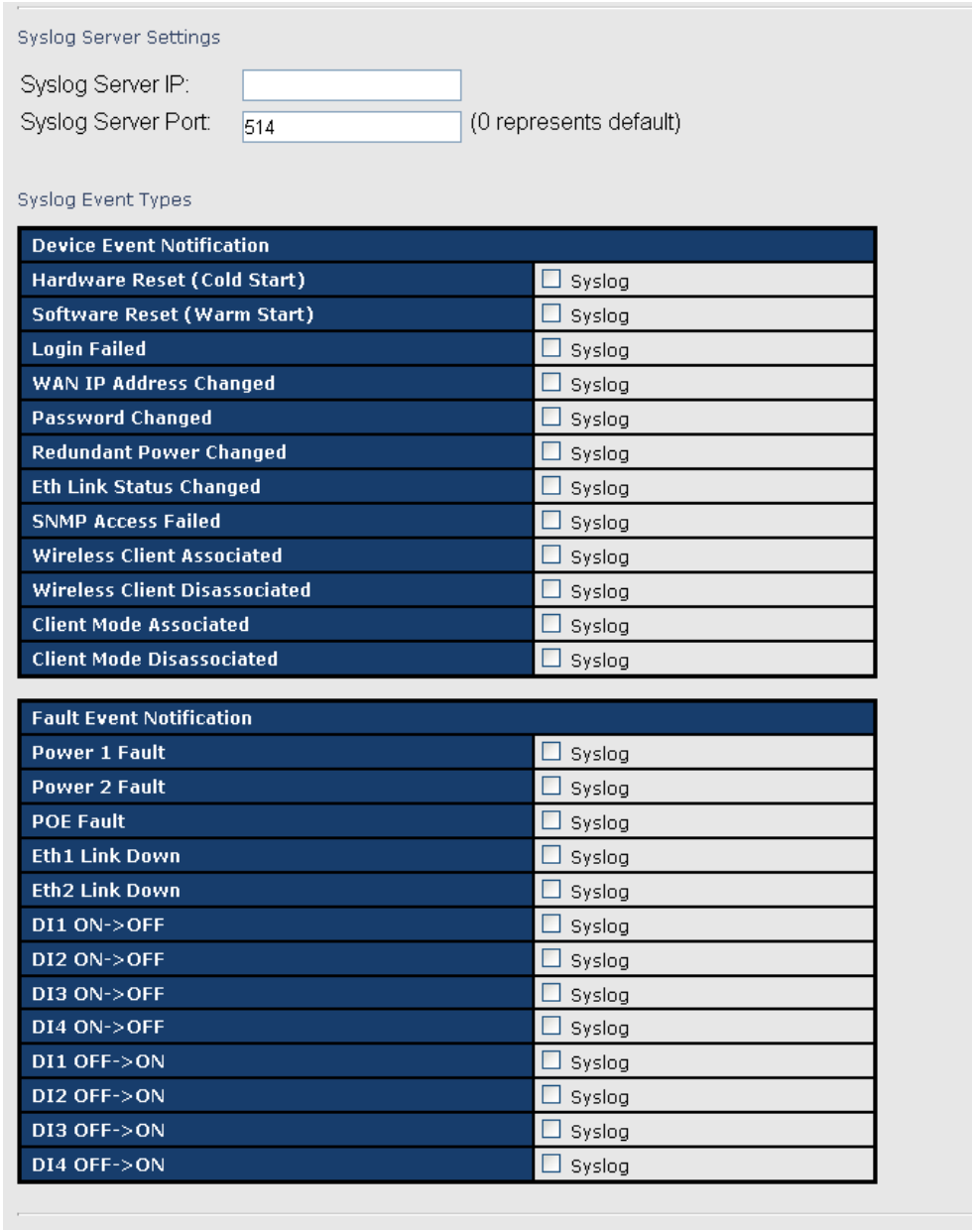


Miscellaneous Screen

The Ping Test is used to send Ping packets to test if a computer whether it is on the Internet or test if the WAN connection is OK. Enter a domain or IP in the destination box and click Ping to test.

Even warning setting

1. System Log



System Log setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
Syslog Server IP	Not only the syslog keeps the logs locally, it can also log to remote server. Specify the IP of remote server. Leave it blank to disable logging remotely.
Syslog Server Port	Specify the port of remote logging. Default port is 514.

2. E-Mail

E-mail Server Settings

SMTP Server: (optional)

Server Port: 25 (0 represents default)

E-mail Address 1:

E-mail Address 2:

E-mail Address 3:

E-mail Address 4:

E-mail Event Types

Device Event Notification	
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	☐ SMTP Mail
Software Reset (Warm Start)	☐ SMTP Mail
Login Failed	☐ SMTP Mail
WAN IP Address Changed	☐ SMTP Mail
Password Changed	☐ SMTP Mail
Redundant Power Changed	☐ SMTP Mail
Eth Link Status Changed	☐ SMTP Mail
SNMP Access Failed	☐ SMTP Mail
Wireless Client Associated	☐ SMTP Mail
Wireless Client Disassociated	☐ SMTP Mail
Client Mode Associated	☐ SMTP Mail
Client Mode Disassociated	☐ SMTP Mail

Fault Event Notification	
Power 1 Fault	☐ SMTP Mail
Power 2 Fault	☐ SMTP Mail
POE Fault	☐ SMTP Mail
Eth1 Link Down	☐ SMTP Mail
Eth2 Link Down	☐ SMTP Mail
DI1 ON->OFF	☐ SMTP Mail
DI2 ON->OFF	☐ SMTP Mail
DI3 ON->OFF	☐ SMTP Mail
DI4 ON->OFF	☐ SMTP Mail
DI1 OFF->ON	☐ SMTP Mail
DI2 OFF->ON	☐ SMTP Mail
DI3 OFF->ON	☐ SMTP Mail
DI4 OFF->ON	☐ SMTP Mail

E-Mail setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

Label	Description
SMTP Server	Simple Message Transfer Protocol, enter the backup host to use if primary host is unavailable while sending mail by SMTP server.
Server Port	Specify the port where MTA can be contacted via SMTP server.
E-mail Address 1-4	Inputs specify the destination mail address.

3.SNMP

SNMP Settings

SNMP Agent: ○ Enable ◉ Disable

SNMP Trap Server 1:

SNMP Trap Server 2:

SNMP Trap Server 3:

SNMP Trap Server 4:

Community: public

SysLocation:

SysContact:

SNMP Event Types

Device Event Notification	
Hardware Reset (Cold Start)	☐ SNMP Trap
Software Reset (Warm Start)	☐ SNMP Trap
Login Failed	☐ SNMP Trap
WAN IP Address Changed	☐ SNMP Trap
Password Changed	☐ SNMP Trap
Redundant Power Changed	☐ SNMP Trap
Eth Link Status Changed	☐ SNMP Trap
SNMP Access Failed	☐ SNMP Trap
Wireless Client Associated	☐ SNMP Trap
Wireless Client Disassociated	☐ SNMP Trap
Client Mode Associated	☐ SNMP Trap
Client Mode Disassociated	☐ SNMP Trap

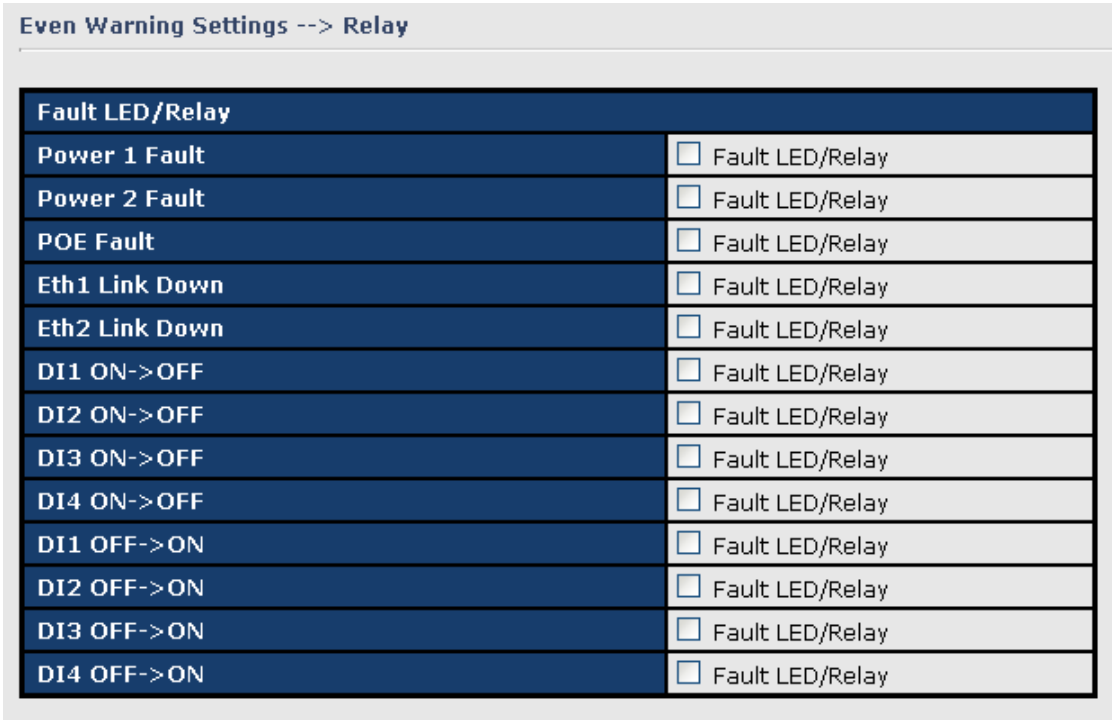
Fault Event Notification	
Power 1 Fault	☐ SNMP Trap
Power 2 Fault	☐ SNMP Trap
POE Fault	☐ SNMP Trap
Eth1 Link Down	☐ SNMP Trap
Eth2 Link Down	☐ SNMP Trap
DI1 ON->OFF	☐ SNMP Trap
DI2 ON->OFF	☐ SNMP Trap
DI3 ON->OFF	☐ SNMP Trap
DI4 ON->OFF	☐ SNMP Trap
DI1 OFF->ON	☐ SNMP Trap
DI2 OFF->ON	☐ SNMP Trap
DI3 OFF->ON	☐ SNMP Trap
DI4 OFF->ON	☐ SNMP Trap

SNMP setting interface

The following table describes the labels in this screen.

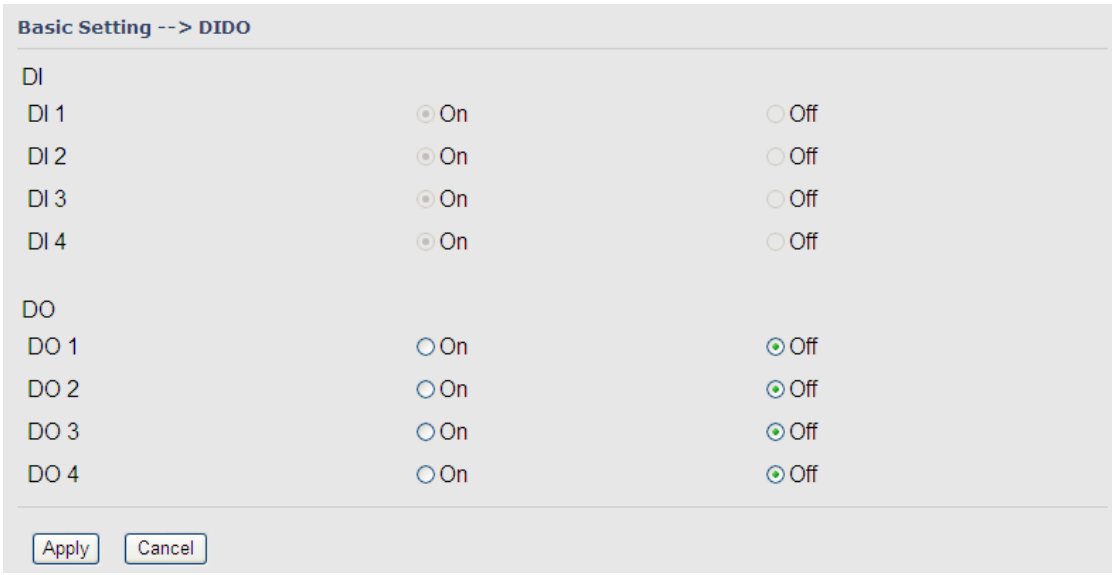
Label	Description
SNMP Agent	SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) Agent is a service program that runs on the access point. The agent provides management information to the NMS by keeping track of various operational aspects of the AP system. Turn on to open this service and off to shutdown it.
SNMP Trap Server 1-4	Specify the IP of trap server, which is the address to which it will send traps AP generates.
Community	Community is essentially password to establish trust between managers and agents. Normally "public" is used for read-write community.
SysLocation	Specify sysLocation string.
SysContact	Specify sysContact string.

4.Relay



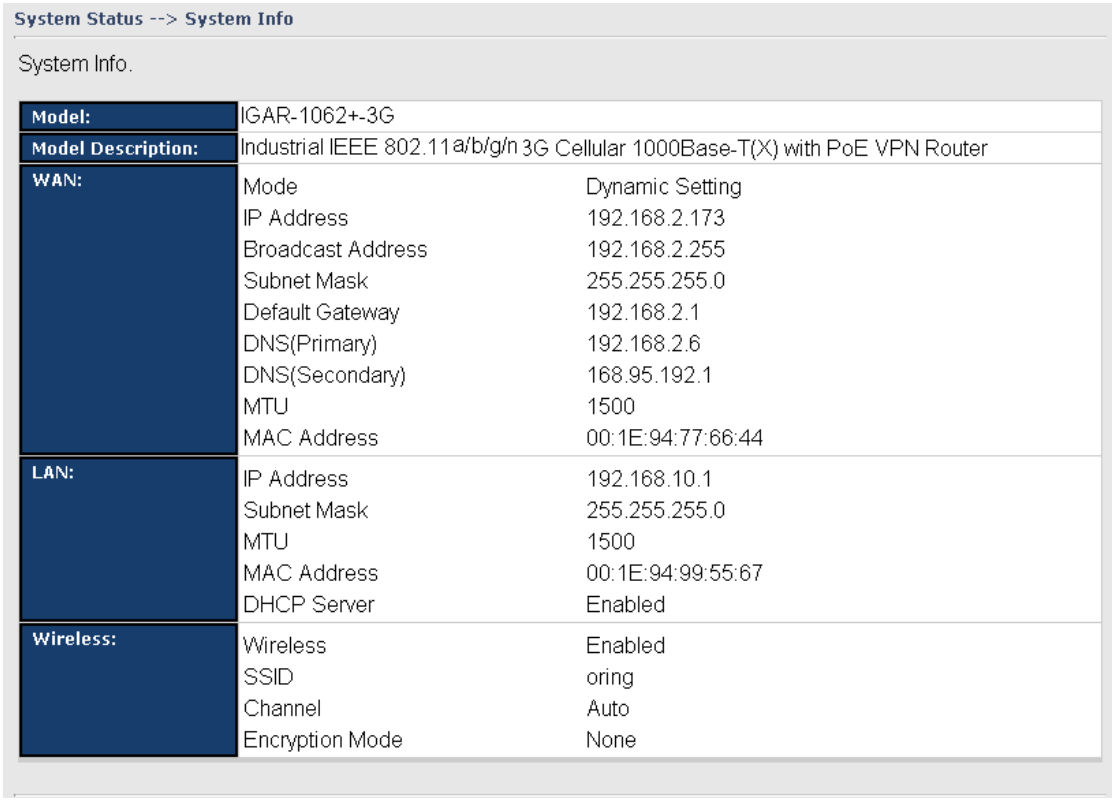
Relay setting interface

DIDO



5.3.4 System Status

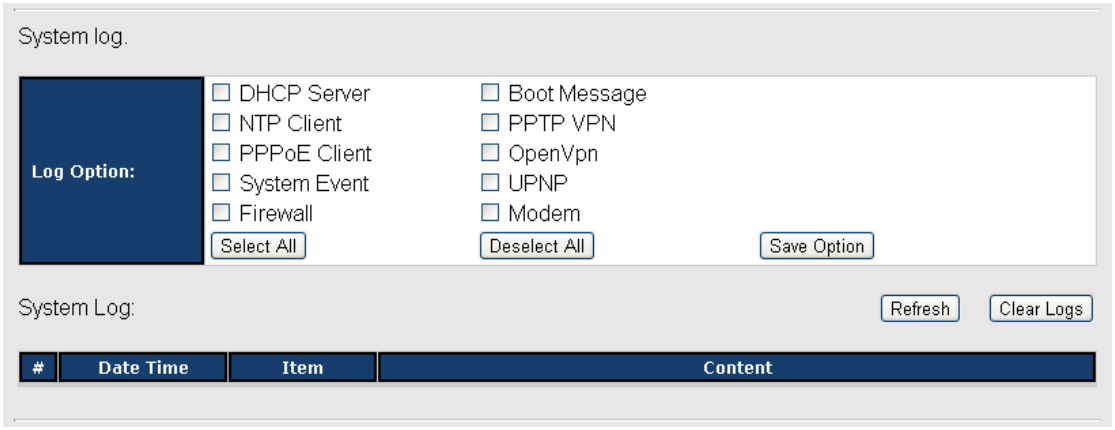
System Info



System Info Screen

This page displays the details information for the AP router including model name, model description, firmware version, WAN, LAN and wireless settings.

System Log



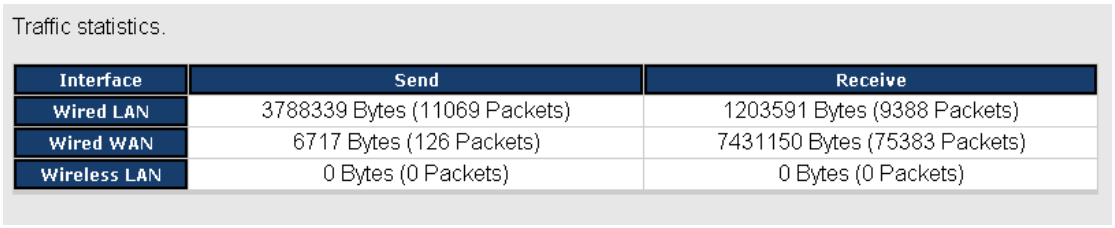
System Log Screen

The router keeps a running log of events and activities occurring on the router, several filters are provided for displaying related log entries.

Click the button '**Refresh**' to refresh the page.

Click the button '**Clear Logs**' to clear the log entries.

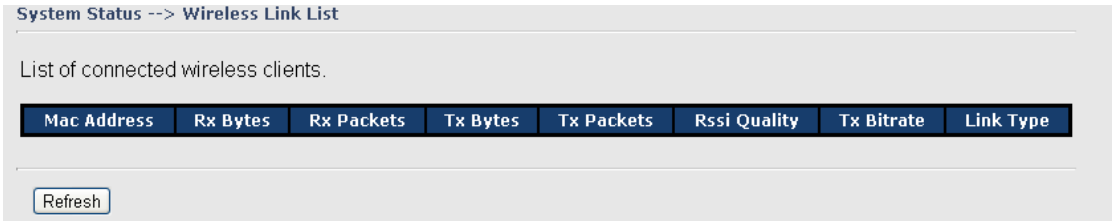
Traffic Statistics



Traffic Statistics Screen

This page displays the network traffic statistics for both received and transmitted packets through the Ethernet port and wireless connections.

Wireless Link List



This page of the list displays the **Mac Address** of the wireless clients connected.

Technical Specifications

LAN Interface	
Ethernet Ports	2 x 10/100/1000Base-T(X), Auto MDI/MDI-X
Protocols	IP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, BOOTP, ARP/RARP, DNS, SNMP MIB II, HTTPS, SNMPV1/V2, Trap, Private MIB
Cellular Interface	
Cellualr Standard	GSM / GPRS/ EGPRS/ EDGE / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA
3G Band Option	Dual-band : HSUPA 1900/2100 MHz Quad-band : GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850/900/1800/1900 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA 850/900/1900/2100 MHz
4G LTE Band Option	America(US) LTE: 700/1700/2100/ MHz UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+: 800/850/1900/2100 MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900 MHz Europe(EU) LTE: 800/900/1800/2100/2600 MHz UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+: 900/2100 MHz GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 900/1800/1900 MHz
WLAN Interface	
Operating Mode	AP/ Client /Bridge/ AP-Client
Antenna and Connector	2 antennas with 2dBi for 5GHz and 2.4GHz in reverse SMA connector
Radio Frequency Type	DSSS, OFDM
Modulation	IEEE802.11b: CCK/DQPSK/DBPSK IEEE802.11a/g: OFDM IEEE802.11n: BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM
Frequency Band	America / FCC : 2.412~2.462 GHz (11 channels) 5.180~5.240 GHz & 5.745~5.825 GHz (9 channels) Europe CE / ETSI : 2.412~2.472 Ghz (13 channels) 5.180~5.240 GHz (4 channels)

Transmission Rate	IEEE 802.11b: 11, 5.5, 2, 1 Mbps; IEEE 802.11a/g: 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, 6 Mbps IEEE 802.11n: 20 MHz BW: 130, 117, 104, 78, 52, 39, 26, 13 40 MHz BW: 270, 243, 216, 162, 108, 81, 54, 27
Transmit Power	802.11a: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm@54Mbps 802.11b: 17dBm ± 1.5dBm@11Mbps 802.11g: 16dBm ± 1.5dBm@54Mbps 802.11gn HT20: 15dBm ± 1.5dBm @MCS7 802.11gn HT40: 14dBm ± 1.5dBm @MCS7 802.11an HT20: 12dBm ± 1.5dBm @MCS7 802.11an HT40: 11dBm ± 1.5dBm @MCS7
Receiver Sensitivity	802.11a : -76dBm ± 2dBm@54Mbps 802.11b : -85dBm ± 2dBm@11Mbps 802.11g : -76dBm ± 2dBm@54Mbps 802.11gn HT20:-75dBm ± 2dBm@MCS7 802.11gn HT40:-72dBm ± 2dBm@MCS7 802.11an HT20:-74dBm ± 2dBm@MCS7 802.11an HT40:-71dBm ± 2dBm@MCS7
Encryption Security	WEP: (64-bit, 128-bit key supported) WPA/WPA2:802.11i (WEP and AES encryption) WPA-PSK (256-bit key pre-shared key supported) TKIP encryption
Wireless Security	SSID broadcast disable
LED Indicators	3 x LEDs, PWR1(2)(PoE) / Ready: 1) Red On: Power is on and booting up. 2) Green On: Power is on and functioning normally. 2 x LEDs, ETH1(2) Speed: Green for port Link at 1000Mbps Amber for port Link at 100Mbps. Off for port Link at 10Mbps WLAN Link/ACT: Green for WLAN Fault indicator: Red On: Ethernet link down or power down
Power Requirements	
Power Input Voltage	Dual DC inputs. 12~48VDC on 6-pin terminal block

Reverse Polarity Protection	Present
Power Consumption	11 Watts
Environmental	
Operating Temperature	-10 to 60°C
Storage Temperature	-40 to 85°C
Operating Humidity	5% to 95%, non-condensing
Mechanical	
Dimensions(W x D x H)	74.3(W) x 109.2(D) x 153.6(H) mm
Casing	IP-30 protection
Regulatory Approvals	
EMI	FCC Part 15, CISPR (EN55022) class A
EMS	EN61000-4-2 (ESD), EN61000-4-3 (RS), EN61000-4-4 (EFT), EN61000-4-5 (Surge), EN61000-4-6 (CS), EN61000-4-8, EN61000-4-11
Shock	IEC60068-2-27
Free Fall	IEC60068-2-32
Vibration	IEC60068-2-6
Rail Traffic	EN60950-1

Compliance

FCC Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

RF exposure warning: The equipment complies with RF exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment. This device should be operated with minimum distance 20cm between the device and all persons. Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

Industry Canada Statement

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Industry Canada - Class B This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus as set out in the interference-causing equipment standard entitled "Digital Apparatus," ICES-003 of Industry Canada.

Cet appareil numérique respecte les limites de bruits radioélectriques applicables aux appareils numériques de Classe B prescrites dans la norme sur le matérial brouilleur: "Appareils Numériques," NMB-003 édictée par l'Industrie.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

L'opération est soumise aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) cet appareil ne peut causer d'interférences,et (2) cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, y compris celles susceptibles de provoquer fonctionnement du dispositif.

To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.

Afin de réduire les interférences radio potentielles pour les autres utilisateurs, le type d'antenne et son gain doivent être choisie que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (PIRE) est pas plus que celle premise pour une communication réussie

RF exposure warning: The equipment complies with RF exposure limits set forth for an

uncontrolled environment. The antenna(s) used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Avertissement d'exposition RF: L'équipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux RF établies pour un incontrôlés environnement. L'antenne (s) utilisée pour ce transmetteur ne doit pas être co-localisés ou fonctionner en conjonction avec toute autre antenne ou transmetteur.